

National Programme Of Mid Day Meal in Schools

(MDMS)

Annual Work Plan & Budget 2017-18

Name of the State Chhattisgarh

Mid Day Meal Programme Annual Work Plan and Budget 2017-18

1. Introduction:

1.1 Brief history

"Mid Day Meal Programme" in Chhattisgarh State and its concept regarding nutritional support to Primary Education is as old as freedom Struggle for Independence because way back in 1943 i.e. before the Independence, Mid Day Meal Programme was first initiated in Chhattisgarh region in 1943 when erstwhile Korea Princely State provided Gud-Chana at lunch time in all the 18 schools existing at that time in Korea. In the State of Chhattisgarh, which was a part of Madhya Pradesh, under "Mid Day Meal Programme" hot cooked Meal was being provided to children in tribal districts only in 85 blocks out of 146 blocks. By 1990-91, Pradesh including the Chhattisgarh region implementing the "Mid Day Meal Programme" with its own resources on large scale. Mid Day Meal Scheme of giving cooked hot meals was started on 2nd October 1995 in the undivided State of Madhya Pradesh. At first the programme was launched in only tribal blocks, provided hot cooked meal to children of Primary school. The reason for providing Mid Day Meal in only Tribal blocks was because they were basically residential schools and due to hostel facilities it was easy to engage a permanent cook for cooking food for the children for noon. Tribal areas i.e. in community blocks where such facilities were lacking students were getting 3 kilogram rice per month under Mid Day Meal programme and because of this bad practice all school going children were partially benefitted with this scheme and all the family members of that children were used to consume the rice all together. Mid Day Meal programme became universalized in all the State in 2001 onwards after the Honorable Supreme Court initiative ruling in SLP Writ Petition No. 196 passed an interim order dated 28.11.2001. From 2001 onwards it became compulsion for the state to follow the guidelines of Supreme Court and to provide hot cooked Mid Day Meal to the children of 6 to 11 years age group.

- In fact it became a universal truth that "Mid Day Meal Programme" exerts a positive influence on enrolment and attendance in schools. A hungry and deprived child for food is likely to attend schools irregularly. Chronic hunger can cause or lead to malnutrition and even leading the children to pay less importance to studies as well as diverting attention from the studies and with the view to enhancing enrolment retention and attendance and simultaneously improving nutritional level among children.
- Mid Day Meal programme became an essential part of elementary education and due to the successful outcome of the programme enrolment, retention and attendance has increased phenomenally in Primary and Upper Primary schools.
- Since inception of National programme of Nutritional Support to Primary Education (NP-NSPE) i.e. way back in 1995, only free food grains of 3 kilograms per child were provided till 31st March 2002. Chhattisgarh State started serving cooked hot meal in all the Primary Schools from 1st April, 2002.
- Cooked meal was served in all Primary schools in Chhattisgarh till 31st March 2003. At that time, free food grain was given by GOI and State Government spent Rs.0.75 per child per working day.
- Later on conversion cost was increased to Rs. 1.00 per day per meal from 23rd February, 2004 onwards.
- From September 2004, GOI again raised the cooking cost to Rs. 1.00/ per child/ per day as conversion cost and State continues to give Rs. 1.00/ per child/ per working day as before. Thus increased the conversion cost to Rs. 2.00/per beneficiary/per day.
- M.H.R.D. New Delhi revised the guidelines as NP-NSPE 2006. Earlier it was known as National Programme for nutritional support to Primary Education but currently known as National Programme for Mid-Day Meal, increase the conversion cost per child per day from Rs.1.00 to Rs.1.50, to increase nutritional level of the

students, and Chhattisgarh is the only state in India where state's share remains Rs.1.00 and the conversion cost in the State 60:40 ratio and the rate of cooking cost was Rs.2.50/per child/per day in the State.

- Since 1st October 2007, Mid Day Meal started in all government and government aided Upper Primary schools of 16 districts of the State.
- Since July 2008, GOI increased cooking cost by Rs.0.08 and Rs. 0.10 per child per day for Primary and Upper Primary Schools respectively and cooking cost was Rs. 2.58 for Primary and Rs. 2.60 for Upper Primary level.
- From 1/12/2009 GOI including State Government share increased the cooking cost from Rs. 2.58 per child / per working day to Rs. 3.00 for Primary and Rs. 2.60 per child/ per working day to Rs. 3.00 for Upper Primary. Revision of cooking cost as per MHRD order from 2010-11 to 2015-16 is given below-

Year wise Rate of Cooking Cost in Chhattisgarh

(Per Student per meal in Rs)

Year	School	Central Share	State Share	Total
2010-11	PS	2.02	1.28	3.30
2010-11	UPS	3.02	0.98	4.00
2011-12	PS	2.17	1.23	3.40
2011-12	UPS	3.25	1.15	4.40
2012-13	PS	2.33	1.32	3.65
2012-13	UPS	3.49	1.21	4.70
2013-14	PS	2.50	1.42	3.92
2013-14	UPS	3.75	1.30	5.05
2014-15	PS	2.69	1.52	4.21
2014-13	UPS	4.04	1.40	5.44
2015-16	PS	2.82	1.60	4.42
2015-10	UPS	4.23	1.47	5.70
2016-17	PS	2.48	2.30	4.78
2010-17	UPS	3.71	2.77	6.48

1.2 Management structure

State Office

Designation	Post sanctioned	Working	Vacant
1. Director	1	1	0
2. Additional Director	1	1	0
3. Deputy Director	1	1	0
4. Assistant Director	1	1	0
5. Programmer	3	3	0
6. Accountant	1	0	1
7. Clerical Staff	3	1	2
8. Computer Operator	3	3	0
1. DEO	27	 27	0
2. Assistant Director	27	27	0
3. Accountant	27	27	0
4. Clerk	27	27	0
5. Computer Operator	54	54	0
Block Office			
1. BEO	146	146	0
2. Assistant BEO	292	272	20
3. Accountant / Clerk	146	121	25
4. Computer Operator	292	292	0

All the above regular staff except Programmer and Computer Operator is working as additional charge of MDM, they are not fully devoted to this scheme. They have other liabilities other than Mid-Day-Meal Scheme.

1.3 Process of Plan Formulation.

Plan preparation activities are the base of the plan, the Department of School Education is committed to develop Mid Day Meal Plan in order to achieve the goal of essential nutritious value and quality cooked food to the ongoing children of both primary and upper primary schools. However, we get the DO letter from Joint Sect. School Education MHRD regarding Annual Work Plan & Budget 2016-17 we immediately wrote a letter to all districts focusing the work to be completed which was compulsary for Anual Work Plan 2016-17 i.e. upto 8th February 2017 anual and monthly entry should be completed in MDM MIS. we arranged workshops on 28-01-2017 for district officials at state office on the subject how to make district AWP&B 2017-18. We instructed the district DDDDDDDD to submit their work plan before 10th February 2017. Before the preparation of Annual Work Plan & Budget 2017-18, early implementing agency is supposed to undertake various activities known as "Pre-Plan Activities". It became essential undertake the exact problem and shortcomings of the objective areas especially the focused areas before preparing a plan. Similarly in convergence with Food Department, the exact situation of food grains and buffer stock has also been taken into consideration.

- 2. Information of receipt and Expenditure during 2015-16
- 3. 000000 00 000 000 000 0000 000000 in 2016-17.
- 4. Approval of AWP&B 2017-18
 Minutes of above meeting is attached in **Annexure I.**

2. Description and assessment of the programme implemented in the current year (2016-17) and proposal for next year (2017-18) with reference to:

2.1 Regularity and wholesomeness of mid - day meals served to children; reasons of programme interruptions, if any and planning to minimize them.

Regularity and wholesomeness of Mid Day Meal Programme is very good and the MDM programme is running successfully in the entire State because no information of irregularities and any programme interruptions are received so far during this year 2015-16.

2.2 System for cooking, serving and supervising mid-day meals in schools

In Chhattisgarh mid-day meal is implemented in 95% schools in rural areas by Women's Self Help Group. Theses group is formed in local village level among parents and neighbor of children studying in school. In Rest 5% schools in urban area mid-day-meal is implemented by NGO's in 5 districts of state.

Serving of cooked food is done by cook-cum- helper and member of implementing agency WSHG's.

Supervision of mid day meal in schools are done by the following authority-

- 1. Head Master and other school Staff.
- 2. SMC's member.
- 3. Members of Parent-Teacher committee.
- 4. Other govt. officials from Block, District and State level.

2.3 **Details about weekly Menu.**

2.3.1 Weekly Menu – Day wise

Guideline for Weekly menu of Chhattisgarh state is given in Annexure 1. However Chhattisgarh Govt. has issued a letter to all district collectors that weekly menu of Mid Day Meal is to be prepared by SMCs of school taking care of availability of vegetables, food habits and rate of cooking cost.

2.3.2 Additional Food items provided (fruits/milk/any other items), if any.

It is not compulsory, but in many schools a day in a week or in different occasion's fruits/ milk/ sweets is provided to children. Even in daily menu it is mentioned.

2.3.3 Usage of Double Fortified Salt,

Instruction for use of double fortified salt is issued to all mid day meal serving agency but due to non availability in open markets and high cost of this salt it is rarely used in the state.

2.3.4 At what level menu is being decided / fixed,

At State level a common weekly menu is circulated to all districts but that menu may be fixed at district level as per availability and area wise food habits of children ensuring nutritional values.

However In year 2015-16 on 02-05-2015 The Chhattisgarh Govt. has issued a letter to all district collectors that weekly menu of Mid Day Meal is to be prepared by SMCs of school taking care of availability of vegetables, norms of nutritional values, food habits, rate of cooking cost etc.

2.3.5 Provision of local variation in the menu,

After issuing above letter there are no question for provision of local variation in the menu.

2.3.6 Timings for serving of Mid day meal at school level.

In Chhattisgarh state there are three types of school timing. According to school timing Mid Day Meal Time varies in schools. Normally School timing and Mid Day Meal timing in state are as given below—

School Timing

Mid-Day Meal Time

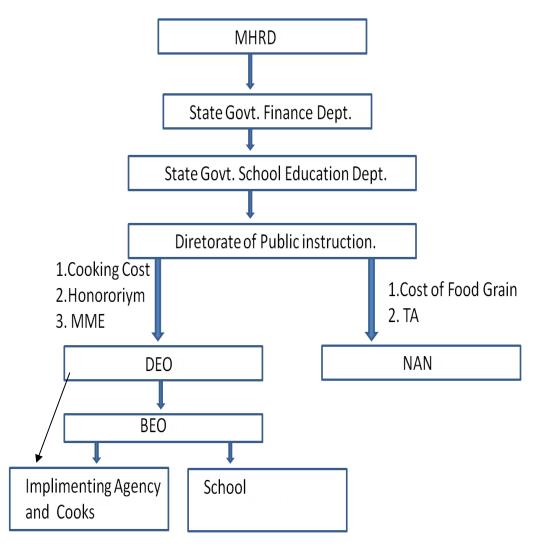
7.00 Am to 11.30 Am 9.00 Am to 9.30 Am

11.45 m to 5.30 Pm 2.00 Pm to 2.30 Pm

10.00 Am to 3.00 Pm 12.30 Pm to 1.00 Pm

- **2.4** Fund Flow Mechanism System for release of funds (Central share and State share).
 - **2.4.1** Existing mechanism for release of funds up to school/implementing agency levels.

In Chhattisgarh fund transfer system is made through treasury which is fully online. State reallocates to district on hard copy too. District education officer draw fund and disburse payment of cooking cost and honorarium to cook cum helper by e-transfer to their accounts. Chanel for releasing fund is given below -



2.4.2 Mode of release of funds at different levels,

From MHRD to District/Block fund is transferred in paper form. At District/Block level fund is drawn from treasury and payment made to cooking agency and cooks by e-payment only.

2.4.3 Dates when the fund released to State Authority / Directorate / District / Block / Gram Panchayat and finally to the Cooking Agency / School.

- Provision of funds in the State budget for cooking cost in ratio of central and state assistance prior to sanction of AWP&B in the State Budget.
- 2 State Government has issued order to all the districts to release the cooking cost in advance of one month to all cooking agencies. All districts officers also submit a certificate to state office every month that one month advance cooking cost is released to cooking agencies.
- During financial year 2014-15 Finance department has circulated order that 45% of total budget is to be reallocated to DEOs/BEOs in first month of financial year without waiting release of funds by central. All details regarding release of fund is stated in **Table AT-2 A fund flow**.

Date when the fund released to State Authority / Directorate / District / Block / Gram Panchayat and finally to the Cooking Agency / School is given in Table **AT 2A** Fund Flow.

2.4.4 Reasons for delay in release of funds at different levels.

Up to District and Block level funds are releasing in advance in two Installments. At Dist/Block level cooking cost is releasing in one month advance to cooking agency. Honorarium to cook cum helper is being made in regular basis.

Some times at district levels payment is delayed due to the following reasons –

- 1. Treasury objections on bill.
- 2. Bank account provided by SHGs and Cook cum Helper is not correct.
- 3. SHGs bank account is not updated regularly, because SHGs and Cooks are not aware that cooking cost and honorarium has been transferred to their account.

- 2.4.5 In case of delay in release of funds from State/ Districts, how the scheme has been implemented by schools/ implementing agencies.
 - In case of delay implement agency make necessary arrangement with the help of Head Master and SMC.
- **2.4.6** Initiatives taken by the State for pre-position of funds with the Implementing agencies in the beginning of the year.

The State Govt. released one month requirement of funds for cooking cost to the implementing agencies in the beginning of the year for smooth and uninterrupted implementation of scheme.

2.5 Food grains management.

2.5.1 Scheduled time for lifting, District wise lifting calendar of food grains.

S.N.	Process	Time Limit
1	The daily attendance of Mid Day Meal benefited children are noted in school MDM register. At the end of the month these attendance are entered in the prescribed pr forma provided by BEO	1st of month to 5th of month.
	of concerned block. In the proforma itself the available food grain and unspent of previous month is filled and afterwards the collected information are to be submitted at BEO office with the signature of the concern headmaster & head of cooking agency by cluster coordinator.	
2	At BEO office the nodal officer for Mid Day Meal entered the information in online monitoring software with the help of computer operator. On the basis of attendance of school and average rate of attendance of children, the distribution of rice is made for forth coming month.	Up to 7 th of month

3	After cross check of monthly data of all the blocks are found correct, the data' is forwarded to the DEO's end	Up to 8 th of month
4	At district level, on the basis of login provision for DEOs, the on line information is entered at BEO level which is visible. If any t information is found incorrect it is rectified at their end. After wards, the allocation of rice to each school is sent by online to NAN.	Up to 10 th of month
5	NAN on the basis of allocation found on line basis, avails the food grain to retail shops (PDS).	Between 11 th of month to 25 th of month
6	Lifting of food grain from PDS to school premises for next month.	25 th to 30 th of month

2.5.2 System for ensuring lifting of FAQ food grains (Joint inspections at the time of lifting etc.)

At the time of lifting from PDS to school stake holders are instructed to lift the food grain only if they find the food grains of FAQ. In some district one teacher is appointed at Nodal, level who ensures the supply of FAQ food grains and accuracy of weight. All officers who are appointed for inspection of Mid – Day Meal scheme are also instructed to check the storage of food grain during their inspection.

2.5.3 Is there any incident when FAQ food grain was not provided by FCI. If so, the action taken .by the State/District to get such foodgrain replaced with FAQ food grain. How the food grain of FAQ was provided to implementing agencies till replacement of inferior quality of food grain from FCI was arranged.

No, there is no any such incident.

2.5.4 Transportation and distribution,

In Chhattisgarh NAN is the agency for transportation of food grain. According to time scheduled in 2.3.1 NAN transport food grain and dump food grain at PDS in advance.

2.5.5 Whether unspent balance of foodgrains with the schools is adjusted from the allocation of the respective implementing agencies (Schools/SHGs/Centralised Kitchens)Number of implementing agencies receiving foodgrains at doorstep level.

Unspent balance of food grains at school level is adjusted in every month. Online software is programmed in such a way that after feeding monthly entry and tentative number of school days for next month the allocation of food grain is automatically adjusted internally by itself.

NAN supplies Food Grains up to PDS. The cooking agency itself is transporting food grain from PDS to school premises. The State steering committee has decided that either NAN should transport the food grain to the door step of school or provide the transport assistance to the cooking agency who lift the food grain by their own convenience.

2.5.6 Storage facility at different levels in the State/District/Blocks/Implementing agencies after lifting of food grains from FCI depot.,

At school level food grains are stored either in kitchen cum store room or any class room of the school which is not in use for classes. In some cases Gram Panchayat's room is used as store room.

At block, dist and state level food grains is not stored. By NAN food grain is supplied directly to PDS from their Praday Kendra (distribution centre) which is situated at Block level or district level.

2.5.7 Challenges faced and plan to overcome them.

Challenges faced in management of food grains are -

 NAN is not transporting the food grain at doorstep of school. NAN will not make provision of transportation of food grain to the door step of schools. NAN raised proposal in the current F.Y. that they will charge transport assistance Rs 90.00 per quintal.

State steering cum monitoring committee of Chhattisgarh has instructed to NAN that they will transport food grain on rate given by MHRD until MHRD has not increased the rate mean while School Education Department will raise this issue at PAB meeting.

- In State 2% to 3% schools are situated in remote areas. Those schools are totally cut off from any root in rainy season. In those schools we have to store food grains for three-four months in advance.
- All clusters in charge are instructed that Due to any cause, if there are any lack of food grain they have to arrange food grain from near by schools.

2.6 Payment of cost of food grains to FCI

2.6.1 System for payment of cost of food grains to FCI / NAN

As mentioned above in Chhattisgarh State lifting and transportation of rice by NAN is online system. Rice lifted by cooking agency from PDS that data is entered through online system. After verification by district Collector and DEO the lifted quantity figure is being sent to the state office of NAN and Directorate of Public Instruction. After getting the figures of lifted rice from the entire districts quarterly bill is raised by NAN. The

payment of cost of food grain and transportation charges is paid at state level.

- 2.6.2 Status of pending bills of the FCI / NAN of the previous year There are two pending bills of NAN of the year 2008-09 and 2010-11 which was difference amount of excess lifting food grain between its CPI cost and economic cost. Its CPI cost had been paid to NAN.
- 2.6.3 Timelines for liquidating the pending bills of previous year(s).

There are no pending bills other than mentioned in point 2.6.2.

- 2.6.4 Whether meetings are held regularly in the last week of the month by the District Nodal Officers with FCI as per guidelines dated 10.02.2010 to resolve the issues relating to lifting, quality of food grains and payment of bills.

 No need of district level meeting because online Bill raised by NAN at State level.
- 2.6.5 Whether the District Nodal Officers are submitting the report of such meeting to State Head quarter by 7th of next month. No need as per above.
- 2.6.6 The process of reconciliation of payment with the concerned offices of FCI.

There are rare situation of reconciliation of payments rather state level officers take actual field information. Collectors certify the actual lifting figure of food grains.

2.6.7 Relevant issues regarding payment to FCI.

There are two pending bills of NAN of the year 2008-09 and 2010-11 which was difference amount of excess lifting food grain between its CPI cost and economic cost. Its CPI cost had been paid to NAN.

2.6.8 Whether there is any delay in payment of cost of food grains to FCI and steps taken to rectify the same.

No delay in payment of cost of Food Grain to NAN.

2.7 Cook - cum - helpers

2.7.1 Whether the State follows the norms prescribed by MHRD for the engagement of cook-cum-helpers or it has its own norms.

Yes state follows the norms prescribed by MHRD for the engagement of cook-cum-helpers. For cooks cum helper working in centralized kitchen state has made their own norms to apportion ate cooks cum helper between Centralized Kitchen and schools.

2.7.2 In case, the State follows different norms, the details of norms followed may be indicated.

S.N.	Schools where meals served from Centralized Kitchen	At Centralized Kitchen
	On First 150 Student 1 helper and for another per 200 additional students 1 more cooks cum helpers is engaged.	On First 500 Student 3 cook cum helper and for another per 400 additional students 1 more cooks cum helpers is engaged.

2.7.3 Is there any difference in the number of cook-cum-helpers eligible for engagement as per norms and the CCH actually engaged.

No, there is no any difference in the number of cook-cumhelpers eligible for engagement as per norms and the CCH actually engaged.

2.7.4 System and mode of payment of honorarium, to cook-cumhelpers and implementing agencies viz. NGOs / SHGs / Trust / Centralized kitchens etc.

In the Chhattisgarh State payment given to any agency or stakeholders compulsory through bank either e-transfer or RTGS under Mid Day Meal Scheme. All Cook cum helpers and SHGs have their own bank account. They are being paid regularly by DEO /BEO.

- 2.7.5 Whether the CCH were paid on monthly basis. Yes the CCH are paid on monthly basis.
- 2.7.6 Whether there was any instance regarding irregular payment of honorarium to cook-cum-helpers and reason thereof. Measures taken to rectify the problem.

Due to treasury objection some where cooks get late honorarium. This is to be rectified immediate on priority.

2.7.7 Rate of honorarium to cook-cum-helpers.

The honorarium to cook-cum-helpers, in Chhattisgarh is Rs1200 per month. State has approved Rs 200 to each cook

per month in addition to the central norms of Rs.1000 per month.

2.7.8 Number of cook-cum-helpers, having bank accounts All Cook cum helpers and SHGs have their own bank account.

2.7.9 Payment of honorarium to cook-cum-helpers through their bank accounts

Payment of honorarium to cook cum helpers is prevalent to their bank accounts either by e-payment or account payee Cheques.

2.7.10 Provisions for health check-ups of Cook-cum-Helpers,

Till now there is no any separate provision for health check-ups of cook cum helpers in Chhattisgarh. But during training they have been instructed that during seek they have not come to schools and take proper treatment from primary health centre. After getting cure they will come to school. During this seek period other cooks in school do all works.

2.7.11 Whether cook-cum-helpers are wearing head gears and gloves at the time of cooking of meals.

During Cooks Training they have been trained to wear head gears and gloves at the time of cooking. For this they have been trained that how they can use clean cloths as apron and head gears. In few schools this is strictly followed but most of the cooks are not following.

Cooks demanded apron and other uniforms from govt. but lack of MME fund it is not possible to provide all cooks.

State Government requests MHRD to grant separately for the following:-.

No. Cooks in State	Kit required in year per cook	Average price of Kit	Total fund required in Rs
93420	2	150/-	28026000

2.7.12 Modalities for apportionment of cook-cum-helpers engaged at school level and working at centralized kitchens, in case of schools being served through centralized kitchens.

In the state there are three types of norms followed for apportionment of cook-cum-helpers engaged-

1. For Schools where Mid day Meals is prepared in school premises by SHGs.

S.N.	Enrollment	Maximum no of cooks
		cum helper
1	1 to 25	1
2	26 to 100	2
3	101 to 200	3

¹ more cook for every additional 100 student

2. For Schools where Mid Day Meal is served by NGO from centralized kitchen.

S.N.	Enrollment	Maximum no of cooks cum helper
1	1 to 150	1
2	151 to 350	2
3	351 to 550	3

¹ more cooks for every additional 200 students.

3. For Centralized Kitchen.

S.N	Enrollment	Maximum no of cooks cum helper
1	1 to 500	3
2	501 to 900	4
3	901 to 1300	5

¹ more cooks for additional 400 students.

2.7.13 Whether any steps have been taken to enroll cook-cumhelpers under any social security schemes i.e Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana etc. and number of cooks benefitted through the same.

Yes, All DEO's and BEO's have been instructed to motivate cooks and all SHG's member to be take benefit social security scheme.

2.8 Procurement and storage of cooking ingredients and condiments

2.8.1 System for procuring good quality (pulses, vegetables including leafy ones, salt, condiments, oil etc. and other commodities.

In Chhattisgarh, system of procuring cooking ingredients (fuel, condiments, oil, etc.) commodities are locally purchased by cooking agency because cooking cost amount are transferred to their account. In some tribal and interior districts viz. Dantewada, Sukma, Jaspur etc. where cooking items are normally not available in all villages, district monitoring cum steering committee nominate the shop by open tender.

Shop will provide the good quality cooking items to cooking agencies as per their requirements.

Throughout the State no central purchase is in practice, only cooking agency at school level are arranging ingredients for cooks.

2.8.2 Whether First In and First Out (FIFO) method has been adopted for using mdm ingredients such as pulses, oil/fats. condiments salt etc. or not.

Yes it is adopted in schools.

2.8.3 Arrangements for safe storage of ingredients and condiments in kitchens.

All cooking agency are using air tight boxes for storage of ingredients and condiments in kitchen.

2.8.4 Steps taken to ensure implementation of guidelines dated 13.02.2015 on food safety and hygiene in school level kitchens under Mid Day Meal Scheme.

Number of Instruction have been issued to all stake holders regarding guideline dated 13-02-2015 on food safety and hygiene in school level kitchens under Mid Day Meal Scheme. Its hindi translation is also provided to all DEO's and BEO's. In our state webportal for Mid –Day- Meal guideline is uploaded for ready reference.

2.9 Fuel used for cooking of Mid Day Meals – LPG, smokeless chulha, firewood & others.

In Chhattisgarh state due to unavailability of gas connection and chulha, cost of refilling and its availability, transportation of LPG almost all schools are using firewood. Detail of this is given in Table AT 13.

2.10 Steps taken by State to increase use of LPG as mode of fuel in MDM.

State Government has taken number of steps to increase use of LPG as mode of fuel in MDM. Following Steps are taken by State Government –

- 1. To encourage the use of LPG in cooking Mid Day Meal 'provision of incentive fund' has been made. Additional funds in the form of Rs 0.20 for primary school and Rs 0.30 for upper primary schools would be given to those implementing agencies who use LPG while cooking Mid Day Meal. This additional fund is given by state. This additional provision has been communicated by an order dated 22/09/2016. The additional fund would deem to be available from 01/07/2016.
- 2. Number of instructions has been issued to District Collector and District Education Officer to encourage Women's Self Help Groups for use of LPG gas and to make proper supply of refilling cylinder.

However despite making such provision, there has been no increase in use of LPG for cooking Mid Day Meal. It is clear that to shift mode of cooking from firewood to LPG gas we have to provide schools adequate number of gas cylinder and Chulha/Bhatta as one time investment.

For this state need Rs 3628.59 Lakh (Approx.) from MHRD. District wise proposal for this is given in table At 32.

2.11 Kitchen-cum-stores.

2.11.1 Procedure and status of construction of kitchen-cumstore,

Under Panchayti Raj Institution, the task of constructing kitchen shed are given to Sarpanch of village panchayat and from the state level the amount of kitchen shed i.e. in the form of paper allotment releasing to CEO Zila Panchayat and then CEO ZP reallocates fund to CEO Janpad Panchayat and from their according requisite number of kitchen shed the amount deposited to bank in the concerned account of Surpanch with clear cut instruction for the construction of kitchen shed. Since beginning, the status of kitchen shed in the state is as follows:-

- 1 Total Number of Primary & Upper Primary Schools availing Mid Day Meal – 44974
- 2 No of constructed kitchen shed in Primary & Upper Primary schools 42636

2.11.2 Whether any standardized model of kitchen cum stores is used for construction.

for construction of Kitchen cum Store but at present actual cost for construction is much more than released fund for kitchen cum store, agency make design it self with the help of Head Master and Cooking Agency in some districts make another design and estimate with the help of RES/PHE.

2.11.3 Details of the construction agency and role of community in this work

In Chhattisgarh construction agency for kitchen cum store is one of the following –

- 1. Gram Pachayat
- 2. Municipal Corporation
- 3. SMDC

2.11.4 Kitchen cum stores constructed through convergence, if any

In Chhattisgarh 5 Centralized kitchens are in function. Out of these Akshya Patra's Centralized Kitchen are developed by BSP, and Reward's centralized kitchens at Ambikapur is established by Vedanta Group BALCO Korba.

2.11.5 Progress of construction of kitchen-cum-stores and target for the next year.

Total Number of Primary & Upper Primary Schools availing Mid Day Meal – 44974. Out of these 47266 schools have been sanctioned fund for Kitchen cum Store. Out of theses 47266 schools 42636 kitchen cum store has been

constructed till 31st December 2016. Rest of 4630 kitchen cum store will be completed in coming summer vacation

2.11.6 The reasons for slow pace construction of kitchen cum stores if applicable

- In Left Wing affected districts Viz. Bastar, Bijapur, Sukma, Kanker construction of school Building including Kitchen cum Store is big challenge.
- Due to negligence of construction agency and fund releasing system of Jila panchayat and Janpad Panchayat is responsible for slow pace construction.
- Now Chhattisgarh Govt decided that construction agency should be School Management and Development SMDC.

2.11.7 How much interest has been earned on the unutilized central assistance lying in the bank account of the State/implementing agencies.

Rs. 233.31 lakh has been earned on the unutilized central assistance lying in the bank account of the District/Block level implementing agencies. The Chhattisgarh Government has been issued an order to all district collector/ that these eared money in interest is to used only in construction of Kitchen cum Store and try to full fill the gap of funds required in present and time of release.

2.12 Kitchen Devices

2.12.1. Procedure of procurement of kitchen devices from funds released under the Mid Day Meal Programme

Same procedure followed as mentioned above in the construction of kitchen shed.

In PAB 2012-13, 22420 unit of kitchen device is sanctioned for replacement of kitchen device which is provided in year 2006-07. At the end of financial year 2012-13 fund for replacement of 16800 unit kitchen device i.e. 840 lakh was released. Procurement of kitchen device is different from kitchen shed cum store. Fund for replacement is given directly to schools. By the coordination of School management committee, head master and cooking agency utensil for kitchen is procured as per their requirement.

In PAB 2014-15 30774 unit of kitchen device sanctioned including 6016 unit kitchen devices sanctioned in PAB 2013-14 for replacement which are distributed in year 2007-08 and onward. Total Rs 1538.70 lakh has been released by MHRD. Its procurement is in progress. According to budget availability

Rs 600.00 lakh has been released to 27 districts for procurement of kitchen device in the financial year 2014-15 and rest fund is released in current financial year 2015-16. Procurement of Kitchen Device is in progress at district level as per requirement of schools under "Bhandar Kray Niyam".

2.12.2. Status of procurement of kitchen devices.

Procurement of kitchen devices has been completed in state. In PAB 2012-13, 22420 unit of kitchen device is sanctioned for replacement of kitchen device which is provided in year 2012-13. As per the guideline of MHRD these schools are completed 5 years so they are eligible to replace the kitchen device. Proposal for these schools are given in Table AT-29.

2.12.3 Procurement of kitchen devices through convergence or community/CSR.

In some district kitchen devices like LPG gas Cylinder and Gas Chulha/ Batta is provided by District Mining fund and In Jagdalpur NMDC has provided LPG gas Cylinder and Gas Chulha/ Batta.

2.12.4 Availability of eating plates. Source of funding of eating plates.

In 30% to 35% of schools eating plates are available. These are available through SMC's fund and other donations. In Chhattisgarh there has been order circulated that empty gunny bags of food grains should be sell-out at district or block level. Fund received by this source are to be used for purchase of eating plates in phase manner.

2.13 Measures taken to rectify

2.13.1 Inter-district low and uneven utilization of food grains and cooking cost.

Food Grains are released through software from state level as per their monthly requirement, so there is no any chance to uneven utilization of food grain.

In Chhattisgarh State Cooking Cost and Cooks cum helper honorarium are released through treasury and NIC Chhattisgarh State has developed software for withdrawal system by DDO. All DDO has issued a circular that as per expenditure they have to withdrawal the funds from treasury and do not block the funds in Banks as advance drawl.

2.13.2 Intra-district mismatch in utilization of food grains and cooking cost.

In case of mismatch in utilization of food grains and cooking cost Audit section of finance and School Education department has taken action against responsible person under Civil Conduct Rule.

2.13.3 Mismatch of data reported through various sources (QPR, AWP&B, MIS etc)

In case of mismatch of data reported through various sources (QPR,AWP&B, MIS etc) source of data from software is taken finally because this is entered at the end of BEO, which is taken from school level.

2.14 Quality of food

2.14.1 System of Tasting of food by teachers/community. Maintenance of tasting register at school level.

In all school of the state Mid-Day Meal is tasted by teacher/community/cooks cum helper before serving to the children including one parent. Register for such taste is maintained in all schools with name signature and time. Teachers and parents are tasting meal in rotation manner.



2.14.2 Maintenance of roster of parents, community for the presence of at least two parents in the school on each day at the time of serving and tasting of mid day meal.

Circular has been issued to all districts as per MDM RULE 2015, that Maintenance of roster of parents, community for the presence of at least two parents in the school on each day at the time of serving and tasting of mid day meal. Roster has been made by schools but parents and community members are not being present in time of Mid Day Meal.

2.14.3 Testing of food sample by any recognized labs for prescribed nutrition and presence of contaminants such as microbes, e-coli.

Testing of food sample by any recognized labs for prescribed nutrition is not being done because in Chhattisgarh no any lab is available to test nutrition value. Only test for presence of contaminants such as microbes, e-coli is being done by State Laboratory Food and Drug Control Department.

2.14.4 Engagement of / recognized labs for the testing of Meals.

State Laboratory of Food and Drug Control Department is authorized for testing of Meals.

2.14.5 Details of protocol for testing of Meals, frequency of lifting and testing of samples.

After implement of Mid Day Meal Rule 2015 Orders from Director Food and Drug controller issued to all district officer Food and Drug controller for random testing of Mid Day Meal.

2.14.6 Details of samples taken for testing and the results thereof.

All Details are given in table AT 14 A

2.14.7 Steps taken to ensure implementation of guidelines issued with regard to quality of food.

All collectors are given instructions to follow the roaster issued by state government for taken random samples from schools for testing of cooked mid day meal.

2.15 Involvement of NGOs / Trusts.

Involvement of NGOs / Trusts.

2.15.1 Modalities for engagement of NGOs/ Trusts for serving of MDM through centralized kitchen.

District collectors are authorized to verify the need of involvement of NGOs/ Trusts in Mid Day Meal Scheme. All District collectors are instructed that they engage NGOs only in urban areas where Kitchen cum store cannot be constructed in school premises.

In our state only in five districts four NGOs are working. All details about NGOs are given in Table **AT 22.**

- 2.15.2 Whether NGOs/ Trusts are serving meal in rural areas No.
- 2.15.3 Maximum distance and time taken for delivery of food from centralized kitchen and school

Maximum distance is 20 KM and time taken is 1 and half hour.

- 2.16 Systems to ensure transparency, accountability and openness in all aspects of programme implementation,
 - 2.16.1. Display of logo, entitlement of children and other information at a prominent visible place in school

In the state of Chhattisgarh it became mandatory that all school have to display the daily menu under Mid Day Meal.



- a) The daily utilization of food grains and cooking cost.
- b) Register are maintained for keeping an account of food grains, cooking cost, cooking devices funds under MME, etc. are open to public scrutiny.



2.16.2 Dissemination of information through MDM website

We have more than 50 reports in State website for public scrutiny. We also uploaded our all circulars and guidelines regarding scheme.

2.16.3 Provisions for community monitoring at school level i.e. Mother Roaster, Inspection register,

Any member of SMC's, parent, guardian any community member can monitor school and also make note on register about what they found in school. They can taste the cooked food. Mother also can watch the preparation of meal and check the condiment used.

2.16.4 Tasting of meals by community members,

Tasting of meals by community members, teachers, cooks before serving cooked food to children. There is a register maintained in school in which name of persons who taste the meal before serving with time and date. After order issued by MHRD that one parent is to be taken for food tasting before serving to children each schools are instructed to make roster for parents in one month advance.

2.16.5. Conducting Social Audit

In financial year two dates are recognized by state i.e. 2 Oct. and 14th April for social audit of school including Mid Day Meal scheme.But Gram Sabha are not trained for Proper Social Audit.

2.17 Capacity building and training for different stakeholders.

2.17.1 Details of the training programme conducted for cookcum-helpers, State level officials, SMC members, school teachers and others stakeholders

Since the Mid Day Meal Programme handover to School Education department, Mid Day Meal Cell is established at Directorate of Public Instruction, and regular training programme has been started and at all level of the programme including stake holder training programme imparted to sensitize District Education Officer, Block Education Officer, the teachers, women SHGs and even Sarpanch involved in the programme by means of wide publicity, distributing printing materials in form of books and brochures and pamphlets in order to make them more aware of the programme.

Training programmes for cook cum helper are organized in all districts. Training programme for cook cum helper held at Sankul level.

Training for Cooks-cum-helpers is given at Sankul level by the 155 resource master trainers. These master trainers are trained by AKSHYA PATRA FOUNDATIONS with collaboration with MHRD. Mostly focused on preparation of Mid day Meal in hygienic, nutritious and safety aspects.





Department of School Education has also make a documentary drama video film of 30 minutes for cooks training purpose.

SMC members and school teachers have been given training in other SSA training programme. There are separate topics of Mid Day Meal in training programmes of school teachers.

One day state level consultation was organised on January 13, 2015 on "status of implementation & possibilities for improvement under Mid-Day Meal Scheme" by the Department of School Education, Govt. of Chhattisgarh in collaboration with UNICEF. This consultation was organized as a result of long felt need, to review the status of implementation of the MDM scheme, for improving

its effectiveness to contribute towards child nutrition, hygiene, health and thereby the quality of education.



The guidelines for construction of mid-day meal kitchen sheds were revised in 2013 by the MHRD, based on experiences across India that a single design may not be suitable to varied needs and contexts of the schools across India, given the diversity in the country. The revised guidelines are based on three key issues which include: Safe Storage, Hygienic cooking and comfortable serving, safe water for drinking, and cooking and hand wash before eating.

2.17.2 Details about Modules used for training, Master Trainers, Venues etc.

1. All cooks cum helper training programme held at Sankool level and module used by trainers are what the Akshya Patra Trainers provide. A documentary film is also prepared by state government to trained cooks.

2. State Level Consultation on Mid-Day meal in Chhattisgarh

(Status of implementation & Possibility for improvement) 13th January 2015

Venue: Hotel Babylon International, VIP Road, Raipur



Key participants who attend the workshop included the following:

- Secretary, School Education Department,
- Officials from concerned departments: School Education (SSA-RGSM/RMSA, DPI), PHE, Panchayati Raj Department, Women and Child Development, Health and Family Welfare, CREDA, Tribal Development, Food Department, Labour etc
- UNICEF
- Nodal/ Representative from each district on MDM,

Key issues discussed during the workshop:

- 1. Director DPI, Mr. Mayank Warwade, mentioned that scheme has positively contributed towards—children's health, attendance, physical stamina, learning and reduction of drop outs in schools.
- 2. As reported by the district level officials, some of key issues and challenges identified were: completion of half constructed kitchen sheds (about 10,000) in state, Ensuring- adherence to building norms, storage shed, integration of hand washing units in the MDM kitchen sheds, usage of better cooking fuel, safe drinking water and dedicated place for cleaning utensils and washing hands (as per new guideline), community and panchayat ownership & Food quality, safety and hygiene aspect.
- 3. Secretary, School Education, Govt. of Chhattisgarh, Mr. Subrata Sahoo displayed photos of an alternative low cost model of hand washing (assembled using local items such as bamboo poles, rope, jerry can and a soap for washing hands) with tippy tap. While explaining the approach used in this model, he explained some of the advantages of such low / no cost model of hand wash for less water consumption, hygienic.
- 4. Secretary, School Education, Govt. of Chhattisgarh, asked for latest updates from the districts on following key aspects of the MDM as:

1. Revised guidelines of MDM inclusive of hand washing before mid- day meals:

Districts were asked to take appropriate steps, at their level to address the issues, at the time of construction (for example chimney can be constructed to get rid of smoke along with proper ventilation). In line with the revised guideline, districts were asked to look for local innovative solutions to include need based modification in the kitchen shed design.

2. Implementation of Weekly Iron and Folic Acid Scheme (WIFS): The keys issues included:

- Iron Folic Acid (IFA) tablets were also distributed in general, though some availability and side effects related issues been reported at places, so there was a felt need of orientation in coordination with health department
- It was felt that teachers training/ orientation on key issues of IFA is most critical, so mechanism of MDM should integrate WIFS programme, for improved adolescent health. The local interdepartmental coordination and information sharing is a key to be ensured locally.

3. MIS in Mid-day meal scheme: Ensuring regular monitoring of hand washing with soap:

Key issues reports:

- Overcrowding near the hand wash point results in water logging
- Lack of hand wash points in ratio to student enrolment in schools, that leads to peak hour rush, water logging at the water points whereby children find it difficult to wash their hands
- Some of the school were using a solution made with detergent powder.
- Lack of availability of the soaps in schools (due to poor local interest/ priority)
- Inclusion of Panchayat health, nutrition and social welfare committee for active monitoring.

The participants expressed the need to strengthen of the MDM at different levels and also hand washing with soap in schools on a regular basis in the state. Districts may need to look into the various low cost alternate local hand wash points to effectively ensure the regular hand washing with soap. In schools where there was no soap provided by SHG or the school headmaster the ash left after cooking may be used for washing hands, but use of detergent powder to wash hands should be strictly prohibited in all schools.

4. Nutritional Quality of Mid-day meals in State

Key issues:

- Proper storage of food
- Poor monitoring of the quality of food by the SMC and community
- Lack of availability of fuel wood nearby in some parts
- Quality of the drinking water in few schools (as in Sukma district)
- Need of addressing MDM needs for the children with motor disability.

The districts were asked to strengthen the quality of the mid-day meal, through various local measures. All the districts were instructed to ensure that all schools must maintain the register for tasting of food by teacher in each school. For fuel wood availability it was said that the revised cooking cost rates are now effective in the state, so this can be managed. The district level officials were instructed to take support of the forest department in case of issues in fuel wood availability. It was stressed that inter departmental coordination at different level was crucial to ensure effective delivery of Mid- day Meals to students.

- 5. Mr. S.M. Deshpande, Chief Engineer, CREDA (Chhattisgarh State Renewable Energy Development Agency), made a brief presentation on the energy options that may be used in context to the MDM.
- 6. Mr. N. R. Beck, Nodal Rastriya Bal Swasthya Karyakrm (RBSK), Health Dept highlighted various aspects of RBSK, which includes a holistic approach for overall development of children < 18 years.
- 7. Mr. Sanjiv Shanker, consultant from MDM Bihar shared the MIS and IVRS system based monitoring initiative taken by Bihar and its various advantages for the state. There was a greater scope of its adaptation in the state of Chhattisgarh.

2.17.3 Targets for Next Year

- 1. We have targeted SMC's member to strength for monitoring Mid Day Meal Scheme in regular basis.
- 2. Data entry operator working in Mid-day Meal Scheme how they monitor scheme through on line software.

2.18 Management Information System at School, Block, District and State level and its details.

2.18.1. Procedure followed for data entry into MDM-MIS Web portal

In Chhattisgarh total 348 data entry operators are engaged. Each month from schools a monthly data entry form submitted

to block level office. Block level data entry operators entered data in MDM-MIS Web portal.

2.18.2. Level (State/ District/ Block/ School) at which data entry is made

Data entry is made at Block level.

2.18.3. Availability of manpower for web based MIS

In Chhattisgarh total 348 data entry operators and 3 programmers are engaged.

2.18.4. Mechanism for ensuring timely data entry and quality of data

There are 54 data entry operators in district level who monitor and ensure timely data entry at their block level.

2.18.5. Whether MIS data is being used for monitoring purpose and details thereof.

In Chhattisgarh there is software, developed by state with the help of NIC. So we are using online soft wares simultaneously. In Chhattisgarh we do not only use software for monitoring but also use data for food grain allocation in schools.

2.19 Automated Monitoring System (AMS) at School, Block, District and State level and its details.

2.19.1 Status of implementation of AMS

At present only mobile Apps is being used in state for daily data collection and monitoring. In future School Education Department Chhattisgarh is going to monitor daily attendance of Student and teachers through Tablets. The name of that scheme is COSMOS.

2.19.2 Mode of collection of data under AMS (SMS/IVRS/Mobile App/Web enabled)

At present only mobile Apps and in future Tablets.

2.19.3 Tentative unit cost for collection of data.

At present zero cost because department is not given fund to teachers /Head Masters for their Internet data pak.

2.19.4 Mechanism for ensuring timely submission of information by schools

At present monthly data submission of information by schools is being done. Without this information schools are not able to get food grains. This information is providing in prescribed format with sign of implementing agency and Head Master of School.

2.19.5 Whether the information under AMS is got validated.

Yes, it is validated by monthly format providing at the end of month and also by the students attendance register.

2.19.6 Whether AMS data is being used for monitoring purpose and details thereof.

Yes, AMS and Monthly data is being used for monitoring purpose. Number of reports generated by this data to monitor scheme. It is also given in web portal of State.

2.19.7 In case, AMS has not been rolled out, the reasons there for may be indicated along with the time lines by which it would be rolled out.

Not applicable.

2.20 Details of Evaluation studies conducted by State/UTs and summary of its findings.

State Council for Educational Research & Training (SCERT), Chhattisgarh has done a study on Impact of Mid-Day Meal (MDM) Programme on School Enrolment & Retention. Its findings and suggestions are given separately.

The MDM programme in Chhattisgarh is having a positive impact on education through increasing retention and also improving equity and reducing the gender gap. The meal is drawing children to school, particularly those from poor families. Enrolment has not increased to a large extent but one of the important contributions of MDM, as envisaged, is the reduction in drop outs. Teachers and parents indicate that attendance of children is much better and that the cooked meal has one of the major reason. Our visits to the schools suggested that the meal is a great highlight of the school day and children genuinely welcome it. The programme is important in terms of its potential for substantially, improving the health of the younger generation of the country.

Based on our interactions with various stakeholders at different levels some gaps have been identified and are listed below.

- 1. Monitoring & Evaluation of Scheme
- 2. Delay in release of Funds
- 3. Delay in Flow of Information to Nodal Office at Block Level
- 4. Delay in serving of Mid-Day Meal in schools.
- 5. Absence of Internal Grievance Redressal Systems.
- 6. Absence of Health Check-up.
- 7. Lack of adequate staff for MDM at the state, district and block level.
- 8. Inadequate Infrastructure at School Level.
- 9. Weak School Management Committees (SMCs)

Recommendations

- Introduction of Indicator Based Monitoring & Evaluation of MDM Scheme.
- 2. Timely release of Funds.

- 3. Timely serving of Mid-Day Meal in schools.
- 4. Guidelines for Women SHG workers.
- 5. Menu of the Mid-Day Meal to be followed.
- 6. Timely Flow of Information to Nodal Office at Block Level.
- 7. Mandatory Health Check-up at School Level.
- 8. Strengthen staff availability for MDM at the state, district and block levels
- 9. Strengthening Infrastructure at School Level.
- 10. Strengthening and Training of SMC members.
- Building & Strengthening Internal Grievance Redressal System.
- 12. Some Innovations for Better Implementation and its Scalability.

2.21 Write up on best practices followed in the State.

Best Practices followed in the State are the following:-

- State Government has taken a decision that for Mid Day Meal funds are released to DEOs/BEOs in first month of financial year without waiting release of funds by central. All details regarding release of fund is stated in Table AT-2 A fund flow.
- 2) State Government has issued order to all the districts to release the cooking cost in advance of one month to all cooking agencies.
- 3) State Government has involved the Female Self Help Group in distribution of mid day meal in rural areas. In this way the government has generated employment for the women of the state thus strengthening the women power.
- 4) For online Management and Monitoring State Govt. has developed a online software for food grain management, payment of cooking cost and honorarium of cooks cum helper. For transparency any people can see the report of any dist, block or any school of the state concerning Mid Day Meal.
- 5) The Head Masters engaged in distribution has been separated. The headmasters and teachers engaged in the programme will only monitor the conduction of programme and taste the cooked hot meal before serving.
- 6) Toll free number 18002331152 is established in State for reversal grievance system. This number is written on wall of all schools in state. After getting any complain on Toll free number this complains have to be transferred to concerning districts by On line Monitoring System.
- 7) After the incident the state of Bihar 21 points instruction has been written in wall of the school at a visible place. It includes important telephone and mobile number for contact incase of happening of incident casual.
- 8) Funds are electronically transferred to cooking agencies in order to stop the unnecessary delay.
- 9) In Chhattisgarh preparation of meals special care is being taken of hygienic conditions for ex. Women of self help group used to wash their hand before preparing meal. Before preparation of food they usually

- sweep the room. School children also wash their hand before taking meals.
- 10) For better performance and attention of cook state government has given Rs 200 additional honorarium by state budget.
- 11) To improve the quality of Mid Day Meal state government also give extra share in cooking cost.
- 12) Resale of empty gunny bags.



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13) Promotion of kitchen garden in schools.





In this regard State Steering cum Monitoring Committee has given instructions to Agriculture and Horticulture Departments that they will provide the seed of vegetables to implementing agency.

2.22 Untoward incidents

2.22.1 Instances of unhygienic food served, children falling ill

During 2016-17 in few districts of the state, incident occurred.

- 1. On 27-08-2016 in Primary School Sunderpur Block Ambikapur of Surguja district 54 student were vomiting and feeling uneasy after getting mid day meal. All 54 present children were admitted to district health centre by govt. Ambulance 108. After primary check-up all children were found healthy. In next day all children were discharged.
- 2. On 01-09-2016 in Govt. Primary School Silsilai Block Lundra Dist Surguja 19 student were vomiting and feeling uneasy. All 19 children were hospitalized. In next day all children were discharged.

2.22.2 Sub-standard supplies,

No any complain received of sub standard supplies of food grains so for neither from district nor from state level.

2.22.3 Diversion/ misuse of resources.

No any complain received so far at any level.

2.22.4 Social discrimination

No any complain received so far regarding social discrimination.

2.22.5 Action taken and safety measures adopted to avoid recurrence of such incidents.

WSHG has been given warning and instructed that washed carefully all vegetables and other food Items before cooking. Also take care for preparing mid day meal in hygienic condition.

2.23 Status of Rastriya Bal Swasthya Karyakram (School Health Programme)

2.23.1 Provision of micro- nutrients, Vitamin-A, de-worming medicine, Iron and Folic acid (WIFS), Zinc.

Micro- nutrients, Vitamin-A, de-worming medicine, Iron and Folic acid (WIFS), Zinc are distributed in schools as per requirement in all school of state.

2.23.2 Distribution of spectacles to children with refractive error,

Distribution of spectacles to children with refractive error is being done under RBSK details are given in table AT 17.

2.23.3 Recording of height, weight etc.

Recording of height and weight of school children is being done under RBSK.

2.23.4 Number of visits made by the RBSK team for the health check- up of the children.

Target to visit made by the RBSK is two times in session but the target is achieved in few districts. RBSK team visit at least one time in a session in schools of state.

All details about RBSK is given in Table AT_17_Coverage-RBSK.

2.24 Present monitoring structure at various levels. Strategy for establishment of monitoring cell at various levels viz. Block, District and State level for effective monitoring of the scheme.

The State Government on behalf of its Nodal Department for MDM releases orders/ circulars to strengthen the monitoring mechanism at district, block and centre level. S.M.Cs has been constituted at school level and they time to time monitor and appraise regularity of MDM at school level. Standing committees have been formed at village and school level.

2.25 Meetings of Steering cum Monitoring Committees at the Block, District and State level

2.25.1 Number of meetings held at various level and gist of the issues discussed in the meeting.

State level 1 meeting held in year.

Dist level 1 meeting approx. held in quarterly basis.

Block level All block level officers attend dist level meeting.

State level meeting Proposed on 10-02-2017 Annexure – 1

Minutes of Dist level meeting held is given as an example of few district in annexure - 2

2.25.2 Action taken on the decisions taken during these meetings.

Action taken on the decision taken during **14-03-2016** meeting is given in Annexure - 3

2.26 Frequency of meeting of District Level Committee held under the chairmanship of senior most MP of the District to monitor the scheme. Gist of the issues discussed and action taken thereon.

Only one district Durg being done. In other district it is not being done.

2.27 Arrangement for official inspections to MDM centers / schools and percentage of schools inspected and summary of findings and remedial measures taken.

State officials are assigned one or two districts to inspect the school as a whole compulsory with MDM.

Chhattisgarh government has decided to run a special campaign, Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam Shiksha Gunavatta Abhiyan. The school education department will appoint an officer to guide the Gram Sabhas. Special gram sabhas will be conducted in villages to evaluate the quality of educational standards. In this Abhiyan all Primary and Upper Primary schools are categorized in 4 categories i.e. A, B, C and D according to its performance based on 100 different fields.

Out of total schools of each districts about 33 percentages was found in C and D category. These all C and D category Schools have assigned one officials of dist or state level. All these officials visited those schools twice in the year. All officers including Chief Secretary of the State visited the assigned school first time in August 2016 and second in January 2017 to monitor those schools.

Order copy of that is given in Annexure - 4

2.28 Details of the Contingency Plan to avoid any untoward incident. Printing of important phone numbers (eg. Primary health centre, Hospital, Fire brigade etc) on the walls of school building.

The preventive and precautionary instructions are issued to the district officers. The telephone and mobile numbers of Doctors, and other respective departmental officers are to be written on the wall or such place where it could be visible to all and when emergency they could be called on for rescue immediately. State government has facilitated 108 number vehicles for emergency service.

2.29 Grievance Redressal Mechanism

2.29.1 Details regarding Grievance Redressal at all levels.

State have their Toll Free number on which anybody can register complain regarding Mid Day Meal Scheme. Toll Free Numbers for Mid Day Meal is 18002331152. District wise details of complains received Grievance Redressal Mechanism and their action taken is given in table AT 25.

2.29.2 Details of complaints received i.e. Nature of complaints etc.

The complaints are of SHGs of not receiving honorarium, honorarium is not sufficient to support their family, food poisoning, inadequate meal, not according to the menu, vegetable is not given, below standard, delay in payment of honorarium, etc.

2.29.3 Time schedule for disposal of complaints,

There is no hard and fast scheduled time. It all depends upon the nature of complaint. Instructions are given to solve immediately but serious nature of complaints take time such as food poisoning it passes through medical officers, police officers etc.

2.29.4 Details of action taken on the complaints.

Precautionary instructions are issued by the nodal department. Such as on being aware of the incident of Bihar State nodal officer issued preventive measures to the district immediately.

2.30 Details regarding Awareness Generation & IEC activities and Media campaign carried out at State/ district/ block/ school level.

A tally film is made to instruct the cook cum helpers. An advertisement was telecasted regarding MDM.

2.31 Overall assessment of the manner in which implementation of the programme is contributing to the programme objectives and an analysis of strengths and weaknesses of the programme implementation.

Geographically situated villages do differ from the villages having all facilities yet the implementation of the programme is proportionately 90% successful to the objectives of the programme. Nevertheless, the simplicity, sincerity, philanthropic and dedication of the villagers is strength of uninterrupted running of the programme and undesired situational disadvantage of the villagers and prejudicial attitudes of implementing persons are the weaknesses of the programme.

2.32 Contribution by community in the form of Tithi Bhojan or any other practices in the State/UTs etc.

It has not yet come in practice in the State.

2.33 Details of action taken to operationalize the MDM Rule 2015

Number of letters issued to districts collectors regarding MDM Rule 2015. Also the letters have been written to all stakeholders to aware about MDM Rule 2015 and to implement the rule.

2.34 Details of Payment of Food Security Allowances and its mechanism,

Still there are no any reports have been received for food security allowance.

2.35 Any other issues and suggestions

Infrastructure and manpower is lacking in Chhattisgarh which needs to be strengthened for the objective of the programme.

MME funds should be increased. Food Testing NABL lab is not available in Chhattisgarh. Department of food and Drug Control are have not enough man power to check cooked food in lab.

प्रस्तावित कार्ययोजना वित्तीय वर्ष 2017-18

प्राथमिक शालाओं हेतु

क.	घटकवार विवरण	इकाई दर	जिला, विकासखंड, शाला /छात्र/कर्मचारी की संख्या	कुल राशि रु में
1	2	3	4	5
1	डाटा एन्ट्री आपरेटर मानदेय	9000 रु प्रति माह 12 माह के लिये	175	18900000
2	1 प्रोग्रामर एवं 1 सहायक प्रोग्रामर मानदेय	एक वर्ष के लिय एन. आई. सी. से नियुक्त अनुमानित 800000/—	2	800000
3	शालेय स्तर पर व्यय (फार्म एवं स्टेशनरी)	50 रु – प्रति शाला की दर से	प्राथमिक शालाओं की संख्या 31383	1569150
4	शालाओं में मध्याह्न भोजन के पूर्व हाथ धोने हेतु साबुन एवं शौचालयों तथा किचन की साफ सफाई हेतु	प्रति छात्र ४ रु की दर से राशि	কুল छাत्र 1826000	7304000
5	रसोईयों के प्रशिक्षण हेतु	80 / —प्रति रसोईयां	30000 रसोईया दो वर्ष में एक बार	2400000
6	डाटा एन्ट्री आपरेटर प्रशिक्षण	500 रु प्रति आपरेटर	वर्ष में तीन बार	262500
		2000000 राज्य के लिए	1 राज्य	2000000
7	यात्रा एवं अन्य आकस्मिक व्यय (विभिन्न स्तर के प्रशिक्षण एवं बैठक हेत्)	40,000 जिले के लिए	28 जिले	1120000
	. 3	15,000 विकासखण्ड के लिए	146 विकासखण्ड हेतु	2190000
8	रसोईयों के लिये एप्रेन वितरण हेतु	150 रू प्रति एप्रेन प्रति रसोईया	30000 रसोईया हेतु दो वर्ष में 1 बार	4500000
			योग प्राथमिक	41045650

अपर प्राथमिक शालाओं हेतु

क.	घटकवार विवरण	इकाई दर	जिला, विकासखंड, शाला /छात्र/कर्मचारी की संख्या	कुल राशि रु में
1	2	3	4	5
1	डाटा एन्ट्री आपरेटर मानदेय	9000 रु प्रति माह 12 माह के लिये	175	18900000
2	1 प्रोग्रामर एवं 1 सहायक प्रोग्रामर का मानदेय	एक वर्ष के लिय एन. आई. सी. से नियुक्त अनुमानित 800000 / —	2	800000
3	शालेय स्तर पर व्यय (फार्म एवं स्टेशनरी)	40 रु — प्रति शाला की दर से	अपर प्राथमिक शालाओं की संख्या 13591	543640
4	शालाओं में मध्याह्न भोजन के पूर्व हाथ धोने हेतु साबुन एवं शौचालयों तथा किचन की साफ सफाई हेतु	प्रति छात्र ४ रु की दर से	কুল छাत्र 1132000	4528000
5	रसोईयों के प्रशिक्षण हेतु	80 / –प्रति रसोईयां	16000 रसोईया दो वर्ष में एक बार	1280000
6	डाटा एन्ट्री आपरेटर प्रशिक्षण	500 रु प्रति आपरेटर	वर्ष में तीन बार	262500
		1000000 राज्य के लिए	1 राज्य	1000000
7	यात्रा एवं अन्य आकस्मिक व्यय (विभिन्न स्तर के प्रशिक्षण एवं बैठक हेतु)	40,000 जिले के लिए	28 जिले	1120000
		10,000 विकासखण्ड के लिए	146 विकासखण्ड हेतु	1460000
8	रसोईयों के लिये एप्रेन वितरण हेतु	150 रू प्रति एप्रेन प्रति रसोईया	15000 रसोईयों को दो वर्ष में 1 बार	2250000
	योग अपर प्राथमिक			32144140
महायोग प्राथमिक एवं अपर प्राथमिक				73189790

पी. ए. बी. 2016—17 के कार्यवाही विवरण एवं की गई कार्यवाही

क्रमांक	बिंदु	की गई कार्यवाही
1	दर्ज संख्या में सतत् कमी को रोकने हेतु प्रयास	शाला प्रवेश उत्सव, निःशुल्क गणवेश, पाठ्य पुस्तक एवं विभिन्न प्रकार की छात्रवृत्ति के माध्यम से दर्ज संख्या में वृद्धि हेतु प्रयास किया गया।
2	अपर प्राथमिक शाला में कुकिंग कास्ट की दर में वृद्धि करते हुये रू 5.70 से भारत सरकार द्वारा निर्धारित दर रू 5.78 किया जाना।	छ०ग० शासन, स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग के पत्र क्रमांक एफ 17:3 / 2013 / 20—एक दिनांक 18.05.2016 के माध्यम से अपर प्राथमिक शाला के लिये कुकिंग कास्ट की दर में वृद्धि कर दी गई है जो दिनांक 01—07—2015 से प्रभावशील है।
3	मानदेय भुगतान ई-	राज्य में शत प्रतिशत रसोईया सह सहायकों को मानदेय ई— ट्रांसफर के माध्यम से किया जा रहा है।
4	प्रतिशत शालाओं में एल0पी0जी0 गैस उपलब्ध कराया जाना।	का प्रावधान किया गया है। इसके उपरांत भी इसके उपयोग करने वाली शालाओं की संख्या में कोई विशेष वृद्धि नहीं हुई है। इस हेतु केन्द्र शासन से 3628.59 लाख रूपये शालाओं को एक बार एल0पी0 जी0 गैस सिलेण्डर एवं चूल्हा क्रय करने हेतु प्रस्ताव प्रेषित किया गया है।
5	अप्रारम्भ किचन सह भण्डार के निर्माण कार्य को दिसम्बर 2016 तक पूर्ण किया जाना ।	केन्द्र द्वारा स्वीकृत कुल 47266 किचन सह भण्डार में वर्तमान में 42636 किचन सह भण्डार का निर्माण कार्य पूर्ण कर लिया गया है। 4630 किचन सह भण्डार का निर्माणाधीन है जिसमें अधिकांश नक्सल प्रभावित क्षेत्रों में स्थित है।
6		सभी शेष बची शालाओं को किचन डिवाइस उपलब्ध करा दिया गया है।

7	शालेय स्वास्थ्य परीक्षण को	इस हेतु स्वास्थ्य विभाग की ओर से प्रयास
	और प्रभावी बनाना।	किया जा रहा है। दिसम्बर 2016 तक
		राज्य की लगभग 75 प्रतिशत शालाओं का
		स्वास्थ्य परीक्षण पूर्ण कर लिया गया है।
		इसके साथ ही आयरन गोली तथा कृमि
		नाशक गोली का वितरण भी किया गया है।
8	शासन द्वारा मान्यता प्राप्त	
	प्रयोग शाला से मध्याह्न	
	भोजन के सेम्पल का	
	परीक्षण कराया जाना।	सभी जिला कलेक्टर को पत्र प्रेषित किया
		गया है। इस हेतु केन्द द्वारा दिये गये
		रोस्टर के अनुसार सेम्पल एकत्र कर
		परीक्षण कराये जाने के निर्देश दिये गये है।
		जिलों में सेम्पल एकत्र किया गया है जांच
		रिपोर्ट अभी अप्राप्त है।
9	दिये गये निर्धारित समय	·
9	सीमा में आटोमेटेड	लाभांवित की संख्या का प्रेषण भारत
9	सीमा में आटोमेटेड मानिटरिंग सिस्टम को	लाभांवित की संख्या का प्रेषण भारत सरकार को किया जा रहा है। इंटरनेट
9	सीमा में आटोमेटेड	लाभांवित की संख्या का प्रेषण भारत सरकार को किया जा रहा है। इंटरनेट कनेक्टिविटी राज्य में सभी क्षेत्र में उपलब्ध
9	सीमा में आटोमेटेड मानिटरिंग सिस्टम को	लाभांवित की संख्या का प्रेषण भारत सरकार को किया जा रहा है। इंटरनेट कनेक्टिविटी राज्य में सभी क्षेत्र में उपलब्ध नही होने एवं सभी प्रधान पाठको के पास
9	सीमा में आटोमेटेड मानिटरिंग सिस्टम को	लाभांवित की संख्या का प्रेषण भारत सरकार को किया जा रहा है। इंटरनेट कनेक्टिविटी राज्य में सभी क्षेत्र में उपलब्ध नही होने एवं सभी प्रधान पाठको के पास उपलब्ध नहीं होने के कारण केवल 20
9	सीमा में आटोमेटेड मानिटरिंग सिस्टम को	लाभांवित की संख्या का प्रेषण भारत सरकार को किया जा रहा है। इंटरनेट कनेक्टिविटी राज्य में सभी क्षेत्र में उपलब्ध नही होने एवं सभी प्रधान पाठको के पास उपलब्ध नहीं होने के कारण केवल 20 प्रतिशत शालाओं से डाटा प्रेषित किया जा
9	सीमा में आटोमेटेड मानिटरिंग सिस्टम को	लाभांवित की संख्या का प्रेषण भारत सरकार को किया जा रहा है। इंटरनेट कनेक्टिविटी राज्य में सभी क्षेत्र में उपलब्ध नही होने एवं सभी प्रधान पाठको के पास उपलब्ध नहीं होने के कारण केवल 20 प्रतिशत शालाओं से डाटा प्रेषित किया जा रहा है। भविष्य में टेबलेट के माध्यम से
9	सीमा में आटोमेटेड मानिटरिंग सिस्टम को	लाभांवित की संख्या का प्रेषण भारत सरकार को किया जा रहा है। इंटरनेट कनेक्टिविटी राज्य में सभी क्षेत्र में उपलब्ध नही होने एवं सभी प्रधान पाठको के पास उपलब्ध नहीं होने के कारण केवल 20 प्रतिशत शालाओं से डाटा प्रेषित किया जा रहा है। भविष्य में टेबलेट के माध्यम से इस प्रणाली को विकसित किये जाने का
9	सीमा में आटोमेटेड मानिटरिंग सिस्टम को कार्यान्वित किया जाना।	लाभांवित की संख्या का प्रेषण भारत सरकार को किया जा रहा है। इंटरनेट कनेक्टिविटी राज्य में सभी क्षेत्र में उपलब्ध नही होने एवं सभी प्रधान पाठको के पास उपलब्ध नहीं होने के कारण केवल 20 प्रतिशत शालाओं से डाटा प्रेषित किया जा रहा है। भविष्य में टेबलेट के माध्यम से इस प्रणाली को विकसित किये जाने का लक्ष्य है।
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	सीमा में आटोमेटेड मानिटरिंग सिस्टम को कार्यान्वित किया जाना।	लाभांवित की संख्या का प्रेषण भारत सरकार को किया जा रहा है। इंटरनेट कनेक्टिविटी राज्य में सभी क्षेत्र में उपलब्ध नहीं होने एवं सभी प्रधान पाठकों के पास उपलब्ध नहीं होने के कारण केवल 20 प्रतिशत शालाओं से डाटा प्रेषित किया जा रहा है। भविष्य में टेबलेट के माध्यम से इस प्रणाली को विकसित किये जाने का लक्ष्य है। इस हेतु सभी जिला कलेक्टर को पत्र लिखा गया है कि अन्य मद से शालाओं में
	सीमा में आटोमेटेड मानिटरिंग सिस्टम को कार्यान्वित किया जाना। मल्टीटेप प्रणाली सभी	लाभांवित की संख्या का प्रेषण भारत सरकार को किया जा रहा है। इंटरनेट कनेक्टिविटी राज्य में सभी क्षेत्र में उपलब्ध नही होने एवं सभी प्रधान पाठको के पास उपलब्ध नहीं होने के कारण केवल 20 प्रतिशत शालाओं से डाटा प्रेषित किया जा रहा है। भविष्य में टेबलेट के माध्यम से इस प्रणाली को विकसित किये जाने का लक्ष्य है। इस हेतु सभी जिला कलेक्टर को पत्र लिखा गया है कि अन्य मद से शालाओं में मध्याहन भोजन के पूर्व हाथ धोने हेतु
	सीमा में आटोमेटेड मानिटरिंग सिस्टम को कार्यान्वित किया जाना। मल्टीटेप प्रणाली सभी	लाभांवित की संख्या का प्रेषण भारत सरकार को किया जा रहा है। इंटरनेट कनेक्टिविटी राज्य में सभी क्षेत्र में उपलब्ध नहीं होने एवं सभी प्रधान पाठकों के पास उपलब्ध नहीं होने के कारण केवल 20 प्रतिशत शालाओं से डाटा प्रेषित किया जा रहा है। भविष्य में टेबलेट के माध्यम से इस प्रणाली को विकसित किये जाने का लक्ष्य है। इस हेतु सभी जिला कलेक्टर को पत्र लिखा गया है कि अन्य मद से शालाओं में

छत्तीसगढ शासन स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग —ःमंत्रालयः— महानदी भवन, नया रायपुर

क्रमांक एफ 7-9/2013/20-दो(पार्ट) प्रति, नया रायपुर, दिनांक /६ /02/2017

 श्री एम. के राउत, अपर मुख्य सचिव, छत्तीसगढ़ शासन, पंचायत एवं ग्रामीण विकास विभाग मंत्रालय, नया रायपुर।

- श्री सुब्रत साहू, प्रमुख सचिव, छत्तीसगढ शासन, स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण विभाग, मंत्रालय, नया रायपुर।
- श्री विकासशील, सचिव, छत्तीसगढ शासन, स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग, मंत्रालय नया रायपुर।
- श्रीमती ऋचा शर्मा सचिव, छत्तीसगढ शासन, खाद्य नागरिक आपूर्ति एवं उपभोक्ता संरक्षण विभाग मंत्रालय नया रायपुर।
- अ मयंक वरवड़े संचालक लोक शिक्षण संचालनालय, नया रायपुर।
 - श्री एन.एन. एक्का, संचालक, खाद्य संचालनालय, खाद्य नागरिक आपूर्ति एवं उपभोक्ता संरक्षण विभाग।
 - श्री कमलप्रीत विशेष सचिव, छत्तीसगढ़ शासन, वित्त विभाग, मंत्रालय, नया रायपुर।
 - श्री एस.के. चौबे विशेष कर्तव्यस्थ अधिकारी, महिला एवं बाल विकास विभाग मंत्रालय, नया रायपुर।
 - श्री समीर गर्ग, स्वयं सेवा समन्वयक, भोजन एवं पोषण प्रभाग, राज्य स्वास्थ्य संसाधन केन्द्र छ.ग.।
 - श्री अनिल शुक्ला, प्रधान पाठक, शासकीय माध्यमिक शाला, तिकयापारा, दुर्ग एवं प्रांताध्यक्ष, छ०ग० शिक्षक कांग्रेस।

विषय:- मध्यान्ह् भोजन योजना के राज्य स्तरीय संचालन सह मानिटरिंग समिति की बैठक दिनांक 10.02.2017 का कार्यवाही विवरण।

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विषयांतर्गत मुख्य सचिव महोदय की अध्यक्षता दिनांक 10.02.2017 को आयोजित बैठक का कार्यवाही विवरण आपकी ओर आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु संलग्न प्रेषित है।

2/ आदेशानुसार कृपया बैठक में लिए गए निर्णयों के परिप्रेक्ष्य में आपके विभाग से सम्बंधित बिन्दुओं पर कार्यवाही करते हुए पालन प्रतिवेदन इस विभाग को शीघ्र उपलब्ध कराने का कष्ट करें। संलग्न:—यथोपरि।

(एन.आर. साहू) अवर सचिव

छत्तीसगढ़ शासन, स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग नया रायपुर, दिनांक 16/02/2017

क्रमांक एफ 7-9/2013/20-दो(पार्ट) नया रायपुर, हि प्रतिलिपि:- मुख्य सचिव के संयुक्त सचिव, छ०ग० शासन, मंत्रालय, नया रायपुर ह

अवर सचिव छत्तीसगढ़ शासन, स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग

Mary Salar

छत्तीसगढ शासन स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग

–ःमंत्रालयःः–

महानदी भवन, नया रायपुर :: कार्यवाही विवरण ::

विषय:- मध्याह्न भोजन योजना के राज्य स्तरीय संचालन सह मानिटरिंग समिति की बैठक दिनांक 10-02-2017 का कार्यवाही विवरण।

1/ दिनांक 10-02-2017 को सायं 4.30 बजे मुख्य सचिव श्री विवेक ढांड की अध्यक्षता में उनके प्रतिकक्ष में मध्याह्न भोजन योजना के राज्य स्तरीय संचालन सह मानिटरिंग समिति की बैठक आयोजित हुई। जिसमें निम्नलिखित अधिकारीगण उपस्थित रहे –

> श्री एम. के राउत, अपर मुख्य सचिव, छत्तीसगढ़ शासन, पंचायत एवं ग्रामीण विकास विभाग मंत्रालय, नया रायपुर।

> 2. श्री सुब्रत साहू, प्रमुख सचिव, छत्तीसगढ शासन, स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण विभाग.

मंत्रालय, नया रायपुर। 3. श्री विकासशील, सचिव, छत्तीसगढ शासन, स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग, मंत्रालय नया रायपुर।

 श्रीमती ऋचा शर्मा सचिव, छत्तीसगढ शासने, खाद्य नागरिक आपूर्ति एवं उपभोक्ता संरक्षण विभाग मंत्रालय नया रायपुर।

श्री मयंक वरवड़े संचालक लोक शिक्षण रांचालनालय, नया रायपुर।

6. श्री एन.एन. एक्का, संचालक, खाद्य संचालनालय, खाद्य नागरिक आपूर्ति एवं उपभोक्ता संरक्षण विभाग।

7. श्री कमलप्रीत विशेष सचिव, छत्तीसगढ़ शासन, वित्त विभाग, मंत्रालय, नया रायपुर।

8. श्री एस.के. चौबे विशेष कर्तव्यस्थ अधिकारी, महिला एवं बाल विकास विभाग मंत्रालय, नया रायपुर।

9. श्री समीर गर्ग, स्वयं सेवा समन्वयक, भोजन एवं पोषण प्रभाग, राज्य स्वास्थ्य संसाधन

10. श्री अनिल शुक्ला, प्रधान पाठक, शासकीय माध्यिमक शाला, तिकयापारा, दुर्ग एवं प्रांताध्यक्ष, छ०ग० शिक्षक कांग्रेस।

सर्वप्रथम स्कूल शिक्षा सचिव द्वारा बैठक में उपस्थित सभी सदस्यों का स्वागत किया गया। तत्पश्चात बिंदुवार एजेण्डानुसार चर्चा कर निम्नानुसार निर्णय लिया गया –

एजेण्डा बिंद् क्रमांक 1

राज्य स्तरीय मानिटरिंग सह संचालन समिति की बैठक दिनांक 14-03-2016 के कार्यवाही विवरण के पालन प्रतिवेदन की पुष्टि -

चर्चा उपरांत पालन प्रतिवेदन की पुष्टि की गयी।

एजेण्डा बिंद् क्रमांक 2

वितीय वर्ष 2015—16 के लिये योजना हेतु स्वीकृत राशि एवं व्यय की जानकारी। वित्तीय वर्ष 2015—16 में मध्याह्न भोजन योजना के अन्तर्गत कुल स्वीकृत राशि एवं व्यय से समिति अवगत हुई।

एजेण्डा बिंदू क्रमांक 3

चालू वित्तीय वर्ष 2016-17 में राज्य में मध्याह्न भोजन योजना संचालन की समीक्षा।

चालू वित्तीय वर्ष 2016–17 में मध्याहन भोजन योजना के संचालन की विस्तार से समीक्षा की गई।

श्री समीर गर्ग स्वयं सेवा समन्वयक, भोजन एवं पोषण प्रभाग, राज्य स्वास्थ्य संसाधन केन्द्र छ.ग. द्वारा राज्य के पांच जिलों में विभिन्न एन०जी०ओ० द्वारा संचालित मध्याह्न भोजन

2/

योजना की गुणवत्ता के संबंध में जानकारी दी गई कि सभी एन०जी०ओं० के द्वारा निर्धारित

मापदण्ड एवं गुणवता का भोजन परोसा जा रहा है।

समिति के सदस्यों ने डॉ० ए०पी०जे० अब्दुल कलाम शिक्षा गुणवत्ता अभियान के अन्तर्गत प्रथम एवं द्वितीय चरण में शालाओं के भ्रमण के अपने अपने अनुभव साझा किये। सभी ने राज्य में संचालित मध्याह्न मोजन योजना में परोसे जाने वाले गोजन की गुणवत्ता पर संतोष व्यक्त किया तथा इसकी गुणवत्ता को और बेहतर बनाने के लिये समिति द्वारा निस्त्र सुझाव विये गये —

1. जिला में खनिज विकास निधि से मध्याहन मोजन योजना की गुणवत्ता में और सुधार

लाने हेतु राज्य के सभी जिला कलेक्टर्स को निर्देशित किया जाये।

 मध्याहन भोजन योजना के संचालनकर्ता महिला स्व—सहायता समूहों को शाला में किचन गार्डन विकसित करने के लिये सब्जी के बीज उपलब्ध कराने हेतु कृषि एवं उद्यानिकी विभाग को लेख किये जाये।

एजेण्डा बिंदु क्रमांक 4

वितीय वर्ष 2017—18 के लिये वार्षिक कार्ययोजना एवं बजट का समिति द्वारा अनुमोद्धन।

 वित्तीय वर्ष 2017-18 निम्नानुसार प्राथमिक शाला एवं अपर प्राथमिक शाला के लिये वार्षिक कार्ययोजना एवं बजट को अनुमोदित किया गया —

विवरण	प्राथमिक	अपर प्राथमिक
दर्ज	21,02,127	13,51,438
स्वीकृति हेतु प्रस्तावित	18,26,000	11,32,000
शाला दिवस	240	240
रसोईया संख्या	62,056	31,364
सूखा प्रभावि	ीत क्षेत्र में ग्रीष्मावकाश हेतु	
सूखा प्रभावि	ात क्षेत्र में ग्रीष्मावकाश हेतु 2017—18 हेत्	र् प्रस्तावित
सूखा प्रभावि विवरण		
7	2017-18 हेत्	प्रस्तावित अपर प्राथमिक 83,057
विवरण	2017-18 हेत् प्राथमिक	प्रस्तावित अपर प्राथमिक 83,057 83,057
विवरण दर्ज	2017-18 हेत् प्राथभिक 1,25,795	र् प्रस्तावित

 मध्याह्न भोजन योजना के अन्तर्गत ईंधन के रूप में एल0पी0जी0 गैस के उपयोग हेतु, पायलट प्रोजेक्ट में लागू कर इसके गुणदोष के परीक्षण उपरांत राज्य में इसके विस्तार पर सहमति प्रदान की गई।

(मुख्य सचिव महोदय द्वारा अनुमोदित)

छत्तीसगढ़ शासन रकूल शिक्षा विभाग

महानदी भवन नया रायपुर

tter F/2017/doc

छत्तीसगढ़ शासन स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग —ःमंत्रालयः<u>—</u>

महानदी भवन, नया रायपुर

क्रमांक एफ 17-03/2013/20-एक, प्रति.

नया रायपुर, दिनांक 18 /05/2016

संचालक, लोक शिक्षण संचालनालय, इन्द्रवती भवन, नया रायपुर।

विषय– मध्याहन भोजन योजना अंतर्गत कुकिंग कास्ट की दर में वृद्धि बाबत। संदर्भ- आपका पत्र क्रमांक / म.भो. / कु.का.में वृद्धि / 2015 / 2040, दिनांक 14.01.2016.

राज्य शासन एतद् द्वारा संदर्भित प्रस्तावानुसार भारत सरकार, मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय, स्कूल शिक्षा एवं साक्षरता विभाग के आदेश क. F.11-1/2011-Desk(MDM), दिनांक 01.01.2016 के अनुसार कुकिंग कास्ट की दर में वृद्धि करते हुए दिनांक 01.07.2015 से निम्नानुसार दरें हेतु स्वीकृति प्रदान करता है :--

(राशि रूपये में)

				(
क.	शाला का स्तर	केन्द्रांश	राज्यांश	योग
1	प्राथमिक शाला	2.32	2.10	4.42
2	अपर प्राथमिक शाला	3.47	2.31	5.78

यह स्वीकृति हेतु सहमति वित्त विभाग के F 2016-20-00653/B-3 / चार, दिनांक 27.04.2016 के द्वारा प्रदान की गई है।

छत्तीसगढ के राज्यपाल के नाम से

तथा आदेशानुसार, (सुरेन्द्र 'सिंह बाघे)

अवर सचिव

नया रायपुर, दिनांक \ 🎖 / 05 / 2016

्रिक्त छ.ग. शासन, स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग

पु०क्रमांक एफ 17-03/2013/20-एक, प्रतिलिपि:-

सचिव, भारत सरकार, मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय, स्कूल शिक्षा एवं साक्षरता विभाग उनके आदेश क्रमांक F.11-1/2011-Desk(MDM), दिनांक 01.01.2016 के संदर्भ में।

निज सचिव, माननीय मंत्री, स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग, मंत्रालय, नया रायपुर। 2.

3. महालेखाकार, छत्तीसगढ़, रायपुर।

सचिव, छत्तीसगढ़ शासन, वित्त विभाग, मंत्रालय, नया रायपुर।

जिला कोषालय अधिकारी, जिला कोषालय रायपुर।

की ओर सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु ।

गार्ड फाईल।

अंवर सचिव

हैं छ.ग. शासन, स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग हैं / भू

Ordar E/doc/2016/53

छत्तीसगढ़ शासन स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग मंत्रालय, दाऊ कल्याण सिंह भवन रायपुर

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क्रमांक एफ 17-61/2016/20-एक, नया रायपुर, दिनांक // 06/2016 प्रति,

> समस्त जिला शिक्षा अधिकारी छत्तीसगढ

विषय:— मध्याह्न भोजन योजना नियम 2015 अन्तर्गत फूड सेम्पल की जांच । १/५५ संदर्भ:— भारत सरकार, मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय, स्कूल शिक्षा एवं साक्षरता विभाग, शास्त्री भवन नई दिल्ली के पत्र क्रमांक D.O. No. 1-6/2009-Desk (MDM) दिनांक 8 अक्टूबर, 2015।

मध्याह्न भोजन नियम 2015 के नियम 8 के प्रावधानों के अन्तर्गत यह प्रावधान है कि "बालकों को दिये जाने वाले पके पकाये मध्याह्न भोजन में नियम के अनुसूची 2 में विनिर्दिष्ट पोषक मानकों और क्वालिटी का मूल्यांकन सरकारी खाद्य अनुसंधान प्रयोगशालाएं अथवा विधि द्वारा प्रत्यायित या मान्यता प्राप्त कोई भी प्रयोगशाला करेगी और इसे प्रमाणित करेगी। राज्य के खाद्य और औषधि प्रशासन विभाग भोजन का पोषक मूल्य और क्वालिटी सुनिश्चित करने के लिये इसके नमूने लेंगे। राज्य के खाद्य और औषधि प्रशासन विभाग याद्विक्षक रूप से चुने गये स्कूलों और केन्द्रीकृत पाकशालाओं से हर माह कम से कम एक बार नमूने एकत्र करेंगे और उन्हें प्रयोगशालाओं को परीक्षण के लिये भेजेंगे।"

- 2/ यह सुनिश्चित करें कि खाद्य एवं औषधि नियंत्रण विभाग के प्रतिनिधि के द्वारा, निर्धारित मानकों के आधार पर ही सेम्पल एकत्र किया जाना है। इस पके हुये मध्याह्न भोजन का सेम्पल सुरक्षित एकत्र कर उसे इन्सूलेटेड बॉक्स में सुरक्षित रखा जाना सुनिश्चित करें। एकत्र सेम्पल को तत्काल खाद्य एवं औषधि नियंत्रण विभाग के प्रयोगशाला को परीक्षण हेतु सुरक्षित सौंपा जावे।
- 3/ निरीक्षण दल द्वारा फूड सेम्पल एकत्र करने हेतु निम्न सामग्रियों की अनिवार्य रूप से आवश्यकता होगी :-
 - न्यूनतम ३ लिटर क्षमता का २ इन्सूलेटेड बॉक्स.
 - 1 किलो क्षमता का वजन मापने वाली डिजिटल मशीन (वेईंग मशीन)।
 - 3. एयर टाईट पोलीप्रोपलीन बैग.
 - 4. मार्कर पेन.
 - ड्राई आईस.
- 4/ उपरोक्त सामग्रियों का अधिकतम बाजार मूल्य लगभग रू 20,000 संभावित है। जिले के खाद्य एवं औषधि नियंत्रण विभाग के अधिकारियों से समन्वय स्थापित कर उच्च गुणवत्तायुक्त, उपरोक्त सामग्रियों का कोटेशन सहित मांग-पत्र संचालनालय को प्रेषित कर मध्याह्न भोजन योजना के एम0एम0ई0 मद से आबंटन प्राप्त किया जावे।

5/ सेम्पल जांच हेतु जिलों – विकासखण्ड के नाम एवं सेम्पल कलेक्शन की अवधि निम्नानुसार निर्धारित है :--

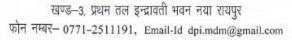
丣0	जिला	विकासखण्ड	शाला	सेम्पलिंग की परीक्षण अवधि
1	बलरामपुर	रामानुजगंज	प्रत्येक	16 जून से 31
2	सूरजपुर	प्रतापपुर	विकासखण्ड	अगस्त 2016
3	कोरबा	पोड़ी उपरोड़ा, कोरबा	से कोई 2	
4	कबीरधाम	बोडला. पंडरिया	शाला	
5	बलौदाबाजार	बिलाईगढ		
6	गरियाबंद	छूरा		
7	कोंकेर	दुर्गकोंदल, अंतागढ		
8	दण्तेवाड़ा	कुआकोंडा	-	-
9	सुकमा	स्कमा	1	
10	कोरिया	सोनहत, मनेन्द्रगढ़	प्रत्येक	1 सितम्बर से
11	रायगढ़	लैलूंगा, तमनार	विकासखण्ड	30 नवम्बर
12	जांजगीर चांपा	नवागढ़, जैजयपुर	से कोई 2 शाला	2016
13	राजनांदगांव	खैरागढ़, मानपुर		2010
14	बस्तर	दरभा		
15	नारायणपुर	नारायणपुर, ओरछा		
16	कोण्डागांव	फरसगांव		
17	जशपुर	मनोरा, पत्थलगांव	प्रत्येक	1 दिसम्बर
18	बिलासपुर	बिलासपुर (बिल्हा)	_	2016 से 28
19	मुंगेली	मुंगेली	ने क्षेत्र क	फरवरी 2017
20	दुर्ग	बेरला	शाला	
21	बालोद	डौंडी	** **	* * .
22	महासमुंद	बसना, पिथौरा		1
23	धमतरी	मगरलोड, नगरी	1	- 1
24	बीजापुर	उसूर, बीजापुर	1	

छत्तीसगढ़ के राज्यपाल के नाम से तथा आदेशानुसार

ঙূ (एन.आर.साहू) अवर सचिव छ.ग.शासन स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग ঠ্য



लोक शिक्षण संचालनालय छत्तीसगढ





क्रमांक / म.भो. / एल०पी०जी० / 2016-17 / 4191

रायपुर दिनांक 🚜 -10-2016

प्रति,

समस्त जिला शिक्षा अधिकारी, छत्तीसगढ

विषय – मध्याह्न भोजन योजना के अन्तर्गत ईंधन के रूप में एल0पी0जी0 गैस के उपयोग बाबत्।

संदर्भ – इस कार्यालय के पत्र क्रमांक/म.भो./एल०पी०जी०/2016-17/3113 दिनांक 19-05-2016 एवं इस कार्यालय के पत्र क्रमांक/म0भो०/कु०का०/16-17 दिनांक 28-09-2016

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उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्र के माध्यम से एल0पी0जी0 गैस के उपयोग संबंधी निर्देश दिया गया है। राज्य शासन द्वारा पर्यावरण की दृष्टि से मध्याहन भोजन योजना के अन्तर्गत एल0पी0जी0 गैस के उपयोग को बढ़ावा देने के उद्देश्य से कुकिंग कास्ट की राशि में एल0पी0जी0 गैस के उपयोग करने वाले संचालनकर्ता एजेंसियों को अतिरिक्त राशि का प्रावधान किया गया है। इस संबंध में निम्न निर्देश दिया जाता है —

- मध्याह्न भोजन योजना के साफ्टवेयर में शाला में मध्याह्न भोजन योजना के संचालनकर्ता एजेंसी के द्वारा ईंधन के रूप में उपयोग में लाये जाने वाले माध्यम की प्रविष्टि विकासखण्ड स्तर पर किया गया है।
- जिन शालाओं में एल0पी0जी0 गैस का उपयोग ईंधन के रूप में किया जा रहा है, उन शालाओं के लिये कुिकंग कास्ट के देयक में अतिरिक्त राशि स्वतः जुड़कर प्राप्त होगी।
- 3. शालाओं में एल0पी0जी0 गैस का उपयोग जिस माह से प्रारम्भ होता है उसी माह से ही एल0पी0जी0 गैस के लिये अतिरिक्त राशि देय होगा। किसी भी स्थिति में कुकिंग कास्ट हेतु देयक, साफ्टवेयर से पृथक तैयार नहीं किया जाना है।
- 4. जिन शालाओं में शासन की ओर से गैस चूल्हा एवं सिलेण्डर प्रदान किया गया है उनमें एल० पी० जी० गैस का उपयोग अनिवार्य किया जाना है। यदि पूर्व में प्रदाय किये गये शाला में एल०पी०जी० गैस का उपयोग नियमित सिलेण्डर उपलब्ध न होने या किसी अन्य कारण से संभव न हो

- तो उस शाला को प्रदायित सिलेण्डर एवं चूल्हा को उन शालाओं को हस्तांतरित किया जाना है जहां इसका उपयोग आसान हो।
- 5. यदि जांच में यह पाया जाता है कि संचालनकर्ता / प्रधानपाठक के द्वारा एल0पी0जी0 गैस के उपयोग किये जाने की जानकारी साफ्टवेयर में प्रविष्टि किये जाने के पश्चात उपयोग नहीं किया जा रहा है तो प्रधानपाठक सहित विकासखण्ड कार्यालय के मध्याह्न भोजन योजना के प्रभारी के विरुद्ध अनुशासनात्मक कार्यवाही की जायेगी।
- 6. एल०पी०जी० गैस का उपयोग करने वाली शाला से प्रत्येक माह मासिक प्रपत्र में उपयोग किये जाने की पुष्टि की जानी है। जिस माह इसकी पुष्टि नहीं होगी उस माह के लिये एल०पी०जी० गैस के लिये प्रोत्साहन राशि नहीं दी जायेगी।
- 7. योजना के अन्तर्गत एल०पी०जी० गैस का उपयोग राज्य शासन की प्रोत्साहन राशि दिये जाने के पश्चात किसी भी अन्य प्रकार के ईंधन के उपयोग की तुलना में शाला एवं संचालनकर्ता के लिये लाभदायक ही होगा। अतः एल०पी०जी० गैस के उपयोग हेतु उन शालाओं को भी प्रेरित किया जाना है जिन्हें शासन की ओर से गैस चूल्हा एवं सिलेण्डर प्रदान नहीं किया गया है। ऐसी शालाओं को एक सिलेण्डर से ही एल०पी०जी० गैस का उपयोग प्रारम्भ किया जाना चाहिये। पूर्व में उपयोग में लाये जाने वाले ईंधन को भी विकल्प के रूप में शाला में रखा जाना है ताकि सिलेण्डर की अनुपलब्धता की स्थिति में मध्याह्न भोजन योजना बाधित न हों।

उपरोक्त निर्देशानुसार कार्यवाही किया जाना सुनिश्चित करें।

संचीलक लोक शिक्षण

पृ०क्रमांक / म.भो. / एल०पी०जी० / 2016—17 प्रतिलिपि —

रायपुर दिनांक -10-2010

- सचिव, छत्तीसगढ़ शासन, स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग, मंत्रालय, महानदी भवन, नया रायपुर।
- 2. कलेक्टर समस्त, छत्तीसगढ़।

संचालक लोक शिक्षण



लोक शिक्षण संचालनालय छत्तीसगढ



खण्ड-3, प्रथम तल इन्द्रावती भवन नया रायपुर फोन नम्बर- 0771-2511191, Email-Id dpi.mdm@gmail.com

क्रमांक / म.भो. / 266 / T.L.Handwash / 2016—17 / 41 77 ह्यायपुर दिनांक 19 —10 —2016 प्रति,

- 1. समस्त कलेक्टर छत्तीसगढ
- 2. समस्त जिला शिक्षा अधिकारी छत्तीसगढ

विषय – मध्याह्न भोजन योजना के अन्तर्गत स्वच्छता संबंधी निर्देश।

संदर्भ – छत्तीसगढ़ शासनं, स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग, मंत्रालय, महानदी भवन, नया रायपुर के पत्र क्रमांक F7-19/2014/बीस–एक नया रायपुर दिनांक 08/10- 04-2015 एवं छत्तीसगढ़ शासन, स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग, मंत्रालय, महानदी भवन, नया रायपुर के पत्र क्रमांक 7150/573/2016/20-एक नया रायपुर दिनांक 08-08-2016.

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छत्तीसगढ़ शासन के उपरोक्त संदर्भित पत्रों के माध्यम से मध्याहन भोजन योजना के अन्तर्गत स्वच्छता संबंधी निर्देश जारी किये गये है। इस संबंध में पुनः निम्न निर्देश दिये जाते है –

- 1. मध्याह्न भोजन योजना के अन्तर्गत कार्यरत रसोईयों को समय—समय पर प्रशिक्षण प्रदान करने हेतु निर्देशित किया गया है। इन प्रशिक्षणों में रसोईयों को हाथ धोकर ही मध्याह्न भोजन बनाने एवं बच्चों को मध्याह्न भोजन परोसने संबंधी निर्देश दिया जाता है। प्रशिक्षण में दिये इन निर्देशों को कड़ाई से पालन किया जाना सुनिश्चित करें।
- मध्याह्न भोजन ग्रहण के पूर्व बच्चों को अनिवार्यतः साबुन से हाथ धोना है।
 बिना हाथ धोये बच्चों को मध्याह्न भोजन ग्रहण करने वाले बच्चों की पंक्ति में बैठने की अनुमित नहीं दिया जाना है।
- मध्याह्न भोजन योजना के पूर्व बच्चों के हाथ धोने हेतु स्थायी अथवा
 अस्थायी रूप से हाथ धोने हेतु मल्टी टैप नल की सुविधा बनायी जानी

चाहिये। इस हेतु शाला विकास एवं प्रबंधन समिति को ग्राम पंचायतों एवं से समन्वय स्थापित कर मल्टी टैप नल हेतु प्लेटफार्म का निर्माण कराया जाना चाहिये जिससे निर्धारित दीर्घ अवकाश के समयाविध में ही बच्चों द्वारा साबुन से हाथ धोने का कार्य पूर्ण कर मध्याहन भोजन ग्रहण करने हेतु पर्याप्त समय मिल सके।

- 4. शाला में बच्चों के पीने के पानी एवं हाथ धोने के लिये पानी की पृथक—पृथक व्यवस्था की जानी है। पीने के पानी के भण्डारण पात्र जैसे नलयुक्त घड़ा / टंकी आदि, को ढक्कन सहित रखे जाने की व्यवस्था की जाये। इसके साथ ही पेयजल के पात्र की नियमित सफाई की जाये।
- 5. बच्चों में स्वच्छता के प्रति जागरूकता लाने हेतु प्रार्थना के समय स्वच्छता संबंधी नारों का उद्घोष किया जाये। साथ ही शाला परिसर में भी इस प्रकार के नारों का दीवारों पर पेंट से लेखन भी किया जाये।

उपरोक्त निर्देशों का कड़ाई से पालन सुनिश्चित कर, की गई कार्यवाही से इस कार्यालय को अवगत कराये।

> ू√√ संचालक

∆्लोक शिक्षण संचालनालय

इंद्रावती भवन, नया रायपुर छ०ग०

क्रमांक / म.भो. / 266 / T.L.Handwash / 2016—17 विनांक / 9 —10 —2016 प्रतिलिपि —

- सचिव, छ०ग० शासन, स्कूल शिक्षा विभाग, मंत्रालय, महानदी भवन, नया रायपुर को सादर सूचनार्थ।
- 2. मिशन संचालक, राज्य स्वच्छ भारत मिशन (ग्रामीण) पंचायत एवं ग्रामीण विकास विभाग छत्तीसगढ़ को सादर सूचनार्थ।

संचालक लोक शिक्षण संचालनालय अन्या रायपुर (छ०ग०)

कार्यालय जिला पंचायत धमतरी (छ ग.)

Phone 07722-232505. Fax 07722-232501, email-id-cldp.dhamlari@gmail.com

क्रमांक / 732 4 / पंचा. / नल- जल यो. / 2016- 17

धमतरी,दिनांक 💆 रे 12.201

प्रति,

मुख्य कार्यपालन अधिकारी जनपद पंचायत धमतरी / नगरी

विषय:- स्कूल शौवालयों हेतु नल- जल प्रदाय योजना / स्थल जल प्रदाय योजना से जल५

करने बाबत्।

संदर्भः-- अपर मुख्य रायिव, छव०ग० शासन, पंचायत एवं ग्रामीण विकास विभाग, मंत्रालय, गहान भवन का पत्र क्रगांक / 525 / अमुरा / पंग्राविवि. / 2016 नया रायपुर, दिनांक 26.11.201

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विषयांतर्गत संदर्भित पत्र के माध्यम रो जिले के बड़े ग्रागों में "स्थल-जल प्रदा नजना" एवं "नल-जल प्रदाय योजना" संचालित है, वहों लोक स्वास्थ्य यांत्रिकी विभाग हा शालाओं में गध्यान्ह भोजन एवं शौचालयों के उपयोग हेतु पानी की आपूर्ति के लिए, शाला परिशर त पाईप विधाने एवं पानी रांग्रहण के लिए पानी टंकी निर्माण हेतु ग्रागवार प्राक्कलन सहित प्रस्ताव प्रा कर जल आपूर्ति हेतु प्रस्तावित प्राक्कलन की राशि, ग्राम पंचायतों में उपलब्ध 14 वें वित्त आयोग म से रवीकृत कराने के निर्देश के परिपालन में कार्यपालन अभियंता, लोक स्वास्थ्य यांत्रिकी खण्ड, धमत से प्राप्त जनपद पंचायत धमतरी के 25 एवं जनपद पंचायत नगरी के 61 शालाओं में नल ज प्रदाय/स्थल जल प्रदाय योजनाओं से पेयजल एवं शौचालयों में जलापूर्ति हेतु प्राप्त प्राक्कलन ए प्रस्ताव संलग्नकनुसार प्रेषित् हैं। संबंधित ग्राम पंचायतों को प्राक्कलन उपलब्ध कराते हुये 14 वें विद आयोग मद की राशि से प्राक्कलन अनुसार ग्राम पंचायत विकास योजना में शामिल कराते हु प्रशासनिक स्वीकृति जारी कर कार्य संपादित करवाने निर्देशित करना सुनिश्वित करें।

संलग्नः- उपरोक्तानुंसार।

मुख्य कार्यपालन अधिकारी ह जिला पंचायत धमतरी (छ.ग.) धमतरी, दिनांक 2,2,12,2016

पु क्रमांक <mark>7225</mark> पंचा. / नल जल यो. / 2016-17

तालापः— स्टाफ आफिसर, अपर मुख्य सचिव, छ.ग. शासन, पंचायत एवं ग्रामीण विकास विभाग, मंत्रालर सहानदी भवन, नया रायपुर छ.ग. की और कृपया सूचनार्थ।

्र आयुक्त सह संचालक, पंचायत संचालनालय, इन्द्रांवती भवन, नया रायपुर को ओर कृपर श्री आयुक्त सह संचालक, पंचायत संचालनालय, इन्द्रांवती भवन, नया रायपुर को ओर कृपर

3 कलेक्टर, ज़िला धमतरी (छ०ग०) की ओर कृपया सूचनार्थ। 4 कोर्योपालन अभियंता, लोक स्वास्थ्य यांत्रिकी विभाग, जिला धमतरी को सूचनार्थ कर लेख कि ग्राम पंचायतों को तकनीकि मार्गदर्शन हेतु अधिनस्थ अमले को निर्देशित करने का क

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कार्यालय जिला पंचायत धमतरी (छ.ग्.)

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क्रमांक / 🔰 🐧 / पंचा. / नल- जल-यो. / 2016--17

धगतरी दिनाक 8 2 01.2017

गुख्य कार्यपालन अधिकारी जिन्नपद्द पंचायत कुरूद/गगरलोड

कार्टेट्स कर्नाः जिला – धगतरी (छ.ग.)

0 ई उस्ते 2017 स्कूल शौचालयों हेतु नल-जल प्रदाय योजना / स्थल जल प्रदाय योजना से जलपूर्ति करने बाबत्।

DE PHO नेक्टर

अपरे भुख्य सचिव, छ०ग० शासन, पंचायत एवं ग्रामीण विकास विभाग, गंत्रालय, महानदी अधिकार क्रेंग पत्र क्र. / 525 / अमुस / पंग्राविवि. / 2016 नया रायपुर, दिनांक 26.11.2016,

विषयांतर्गत संदर्भित पत्र के माध्यम से जिले के बड़े ग्रामों में "रथल-जल प्रदाय ्रिना" एवं "नल—जल प्रदाय योजना" संचालित है, <u>वहाँ लोक स्वास्थ्य यांत्रिकी विभाग द्वा</u>रा शालाओं में मध्यान्ह भोजन एवं शौचालयों के उपयोग हेतु पानी की आपूर्ति के लिए शाला परिशर तक पाईप बिछाने एवं पानी संग्रहण के लिए पानी टंकी निर्माण हेत् ग्रामवार प्राक्कलन सहित प्रस्ताव प्राप्त कर जल आपूर्ति हेतु प्रस्तावित प्राक्कलन की राशि, ग्राम पंचायतों में उपलब्ध 14 वें वित्त आयोग भद से स्वीकृत कराने के निर्देश के परिपालन में कार्यपालन अभियंता, लोक स्वास्थ्य यांत्रिकी खण्ड, धमतरी से प्राप्त जनपद पंचायत कुरूद के 126 एवं जनपद पंचायत मगरलोड के 124 शालाओं में नल-जल प्रदाय/स्थल जल प्रदाय योजनाओं से पेयजल एवं शौचालयों में जलापूर्ति हेतु प्राप्त प्राक्कलन एवं प्रस्ताव संलग्नकनुसार प्रेषित है। संबंधित ग्राम पंचायतों को प्राक्कलन उपलब्ध कराते हुये 14 वें वित्त आयोग मद की राशि से प्राक्कलन अनुसार ग्राम पंचायत विकास योजना में शामिल कराते हुये प्रशासनिक स्वीकृति जारी कर कार्य संपादित करवाने निर्देशित करना सुनिश्चित करें !

पलानः-उपरोक्तानुसार ।

> Handano मुख्य कार्यपालन अधिकारी पे जिला पंचायत धम्तरी (छ.ग.) धमतरी, द्विनांक ()3.01.2017

प्राक्तमाक /SO / पंचा / नल जल यो / 2016-17

स्टॉफ ऑफिसर, अपर मुख्य सचिव, छ.ग. शासन, पंचायत एवं ग्रामीण विकास विभाग, मंत्रालय, महानदी भवन, नया संयपुर छ ग. की ओर कृपया सूचनार्थ।

2 आयुक्त सह संचालक, पंचायत संचालनालय, इन्द्रावती भवन, नया रायपुर को ओर कृपया राचनार्थ।

कलेक्टर, जिला धमतरी (छ०ग०) की ओर कृपया सूचनार्थ।

4. कार्यापालन अभियंता, लोक स्वारूथ्य यांत्रिकी विभाग, जिला धमतरी को सूचनार्थ कर लेख है, कि ग्राम पंचायतों को तकनीर्ज़ी मार्गदर्शन, हेतु अधिनस्थ अमले को निर्देशित करने का कष्ट करें।



T.S./D.S./A.S./S.C DAD

Handam मुख्य कार्यपालन अधिकारी जिला पंचायत धमतरी (छ.ग.)